# 6 Ratio, Proportion, and Percent

# What You'll Learn

- **Lesson 6-1** Write ratios as fractions and find unit rates.
- **Lessons 6-2 and 6-3** Use ratios and proportions to solve problems, including scale drawings.
- **Lesson 6-4** Write decimals and fractions as percents and vice versa.
- **Lessons 6-5, 6-6, 6-7, and 6-8** Estimate and compute with percents.
- Lesson 6-9 Find simple probability.

# hy It's Important

# The concept of proportionality is the foundation of many branches of mathematics, including geometry, statistics, and business math. Proportions can be used to solve real-world problems dealing with scale drawings, indirect measurement, predictions, and money. *You will solve a problem about currency exchange rates in Lesson 6-2.*

CONTENTS

# Key Vocabulary

- ratio (p. 264)
- rate (p. 265)
- proportion (p. 270)
- percent (p. 281)
- probability (p. 310)

# **Getting Started**

• **Prerequisite Skills** To be successful in this chapter, you'll need to master these skills and be able to apply them in problem-solving situations. Review these skills before beginning Chapter 6.

For Lesson 6-1			<b>Convert Measurements</b>
Complete each sent	tence. (For review, s	see pages 718–721.)	
<b>1.</b> 2 ft = <u>?</u> in.	<b>2.</b> 4 yd =	= <u>?</u> ft	<b>3.</b> 2 mi = <u>?</u> ft
<b>4.</b> 3 h = <u>?</u> min	<b>5.</b> 8 min	$n = \underline{?} s$	<b>6.</b> $4 \text{ lb} = \underline{?} \text{ oz}$
<b>7.</b> 2 T = <u>?</u> lb	<b>8.</b> 5 gal	= <u>?</u> qt	<b>9.</b> 3 pt = <u>?</u> c
<b>10.</b> 3 m = <u>?</u> cm	<b>11.</b> 5.8 m	_ = <u>?</u> cm	<b>12.</b> 2 km = <u>?</u> m
<b>13.</b> 5 cm = <u>?</u> mm	<b>14.</b> 2.3 L	= <u>?</u> mL	<b>15.</b> 15 kg = <u>?</u> g
For Lessons 6-2 an	d 6-3		Multiply Decimals
Find each product.	(For review, see page	715.)	
<b>16.</b> 7(3.4)	<b>17.</b> 6.1(8)	<b>18.</b> 2.8 × 5.9	<b>19.</b> $1.6 \times 8.4$
<b>20.</b> 0.8 × 9.3	<b>21.</b> 0.6(0.3)	<b>22.</b> 12.4(3.8)	<b>23.</b> 15.2 × 0.2
For Lesson 6-9		Write	e Fractions in Simplest Form
Simplify each fraction	on. If the fraction is	already in simples	t form, write <i>simplified</i> .
(For review, see Lesson	4-5.)	<i>(</i>	10
<b>24.</b> $\frac{4}{8}$	<b>25.</b> $\frac{5}{15}$	<b>26.</b> $\frac{6}{10}$	<b>27.</b> $\frac{12}{25}$
<b>28.</b> $\frac{22}{20}$	<b>29.</b> $\frac{15}{16}$	<b>30.</b> $\frac{36}{42}$	<b>31.</b> $\frac{36}{48}$



R20753.

280 484:

**Fractions, Decimals, and Percents** Make this Foldable to help you organize your notes. Begin with a piece of notebook paper.

# Step 1 Fold in Thirds

Fold in thirds lengthwise.

_	1	
-		
r I		
H _		
	-	
4		
$H_{-}$		
H		
0		
9		
	-	
	-	
0	1	

#### Step 2 Label

Draw lines along folds and label as shown.

Fi O	raction	Decimal	Percent
0			
0			

**Reading and Writing** As you read and study the chapter, complete the table with the commonly-used fraction, decimal, and percent equivalents.

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4342

2119

# 6-1 Ratios and Rates

# What You'll Learn

- Write ratios as fractions in simplest form.
- Determine unit rates.

**Combination A** 

of blue paint?

#### How are ratios used in paint mixtures?

The diagram shows a gallon of paint that is made using 2 parts blue paint and 4 parts yellow paint.

**a.** Which combination of paint would you use to make a smaller amount of the same shade of paint? Explain.

**b.** Suppose you want to make the same shade of paint as the original mixture? How many parts of yellow paint should you use for each part

**Combination B** 

**WRITE RATIOS AS FRACTIONS IN SIMPLEST FORM** A **ratio** is a comparison of two numbers by division. If a gallon of paint contains 2 parts blue paint and 4 parts yellow paint, then the ratio comparing the blue paint to the yellow paint can be written as follows.

4 2:4 
$$\frac{2}{4}$$

Recall that a fraction bar represents division. When the first number being compared is less than the second, the ratio is usually written as a fraction in simplest form.



### Example 1 Write Ratios as Fractions

2 to

Express the ratio 9 goldfish out of 15 fish as a fraction in simplest form.

 $\frac{9}{15} = \frac{3}{5}$  Divide the numerator and denominator by the GCF, 3.

The ratio of goldfish to fish is 3 to 5. This means that for every 5 fish, 3 of them are goldfish.

# Vocabulary

- ratio
- rate
- unit rate

#### Study Tip

Look Back To review how to write a fraction in simplest form, see Lesson 4-5.





When writing a ratio involving measurements, both quantities should have the same unit of measure.

Example 2 Write	Ratios as Fraction	15
Express the ratio 3 fe as a fraction in simpl	<i>et to 16 inches</i> lest form.	3 ft 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 16 1920 21 22 23 14 25 627 28 29 30 31 22 33 14 35 66
$\frac{3 \text{ feet}}{16 \text{ inches}} = \frac{36 \text{ inches}}{16 \text{ inches}}$	Convert 3 feet to inches.	16 in.
$=\frac{9 \text{ inches}}{4 \text{ inches}}$	Divide the numerator and	d denominator by the GCF, 4.
Written in simplest fo	orm, the ratio is 9 to 4.	
Concept Check	Give an example of a rat	io in simplest form.

**FIND UNIT RATES** A **rate** is a ratio of two measurements having different kinds of units. Here are two examples of rates.



When a rate is simplified so that it has a denominator of 1, it is called a **unit rate**. An example of a unit rate is \$5 per pound, which means \$5 per 1 pound.

### Example 3 Find Unit Rate

**SHOPPING** A package of 20 recordable CDs costs \$18, and a package of 30 recordable CDs costs \$28. Which package has the lower cost per CD? Find and compare the unit rates of the packages.



**Concept Check** Is \$50 in 3 days a rate or a unit rate? Explain.

CONTENTS

#### Study Tip

Alternative Method Another way to find the unit rate is to divide the cost of the package by the number of CDs in the package.

www.pre-alg.com/extra\_examples

#### Study Tip

Look Back To review **dimensional** analysis, see Lesson 5-3. To convert a rate such as miles per hour to a rate such as feet per second, you can use dimensional analysis. Recall that this is the process of carrying units throughout a computation.

### Example 👍 Convert Rates

# **ANIMALS** A grizzly bear can run 30 miles in 1 hour. How many feet is this per second?

You need to convert  $\frac{30 \text{ mi}}{1 \text{ h}}$  to  $\frac{1 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ s}}$ . There are 5280 feet in 1 mile and 3600 seconds in 1 hour. Write 30 miles per hour as  $\frac{30 \text{ mi}}{1 \text{ h}}$ .

 $\frac{30 \text{ mi}}{1 \text{ h}} = \frac{30 \text{ mi}}{1 \text{ h}} \cdot \frac{5280 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ mi}} \div \frac{3600 \text{ s}}{1 \text{ h}} \quad \text{Convert miles to feet and hours to seconds.}$   $= \frac{30 \text{ mi}}{1 \text{ h}} \cdot \frac{5280 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ mi}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ h}}{3600 \text{ s}} \quad \text{The reciprocal of } \frac{3600 \text{ s}}{1 \text{ h}} \text{ is } \frac{1 \text{ h}}{3600 \text{ s}}.$   $= \frac{\frac{1}{30 \text{ mi}} \cdot \frac{44}{5280 \text{ ft}}}{1 \text{ mi}} \cdot \frac{\frac{14}{3600 \text{ s}}}{1 \text{ mi}} \quad \text{Divide the common factors and units.}$   $= \frac{44 \text{ ft}}{\text{s}} \quad \text{Simplify.}$ 

So, 30 miles per hour is equivalent to 44 feet per second.

<b>Check for Und</b>	erstanding		
Concept Check	1. Draw a diagram in which the ratio	o of circles to squares is 2:3.	
	2. Explain the difference between rat	tio and rate.	
	<b>3. OPEN ENDED</b> Give an example of	of a unit rate.	
Guided Practice	Express each ratio as a fraction in sim	plest form.	
	<b>4.</b> 4 goals in 10 attempts	5. 15 dimes out of 24 coins	
	6. 10 inches to 3 feet	7. 5 feet to 5 yards	
	Express each ratio as a unit rate. Rour 8. \$183 for 4 concert tickets	nd to the nearest tenth, if necessary. 9. 9 inches of snow in 12 hours	
	<b>10.</b> 100 feet in 14.5 seconds	<b>11.</b> 254.1 miles on 10.5 gallons	
	Convert each rate using dimensional analysis.		
	<b>12.</b> 20 mi/h = ■ ft/min	<b>13.</b> $16 \text{ cm/s} = \mathbf{m/h}$	
Application	<b>GEOMETRY</b> For Exercises 14 and 15,	refer to the figure below.	
	<b>14.</b> Express the ratio of width to length a fraction in simplest form.	h as 6 cm	
	<b>15.</b> Suppose the width and length are increased by 2 centimeters. Will th of the width to length be the same ratio of the width to length of the rectangle? Explain.	each e ratio = =10 cm as the original	



# **Practice and Apply**

Homework Help		
For Exercises	See Examples	
16-27	1, 2	
28-37	3	
38-45	4	
46, 47	3	
Extra P See pag	ractice ge 736.	

#### Express each ratio as a fraction in simplest form.

- 17. 14 girls to 35 boys
- **19.** 12 roses out of 28 flowers
- **21.** 9 pounds to 16 tons
- **23.** 18 miles to 18 yards
- **24.** 15 dollars out of 123 dollars **25.** 17 rubies out of 118 gems
- **26.** 155 apples to 75 oranges

**22.** 11 gallons to 11 quarts

16. 6 ladybugs out of 27 insects

18. 18 cups to 45 cups20. 7 cups to 9 pints

**27.** 321 articles in 107 magazines

#### Express each ratio as a unit rate. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

- 28. \$3 for 6 cans of tuna
  29. \$0.99 for 10 pencils
  30. 140 miles on 6 gallons
  31. 68 meters in 15 seconds
  32. 19 yards in 2.5 minutes
  33. 25 feet in 3.2 hours
  34. 236.7 miles in 4.5 days
  35. 331.5 pages in 8.5 weeks
- **36. MAGAZINES** Which costs more per issue, an 18-issue subscription for \$40.50 or a 12-issue subscription for \$33.60? Explain.
- **37. SHOPPING** Determine which is less expensive per can, a 6-pack of soda for \$2.20 or a 12-pack of soda for \$4.25. Explain.

#### Convert each rate using dimensional analysis.

38.	$45 \text{ mi/h} = \blacksquare \text{ ft/s}$	

<b>40.</b>	26	cm/	s =		m/	min
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- **42.** 2.5 qt/min = gal/h
- **44.** 4 c/min = qt/h
- **46. POPULATION** Population density is a unit rate that gives the number of people per square mile. Find the population density for each state listed in the table at the right. Round to the nearest whole number.

39.	18 m	ni∕h	=	ft/s
41.	32 ci	n/s	=	m/min
40	1.0	. /		1 /1

- **43.**  $4.8 \text{ qt/min} = \blacksquare \text{ gal/h}$
- **45.**  $7 \text{ c/min} = \blacksquare \text{ qt/h}$

State	Population (2000)	Area (sq mi)
Alaska	626,932	570,374
New York	18,976,457	47,224
Rhode Island	1,048,319	1045
Texas	20,851,820	261,914
Wyoming	493,782	97,105

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Online Research Data Update How has the population density of the states in the table changed since 2000? Visit www.pre-alg.com/data\_update to learn more.

#### **TRAVEL** For Exercises 47 and 48, use the following information.

An airplane flew from Boston to Chicago to Denver. The distance from Boston to Chicago was 1015 miles and the distance from Chicago to Denver was 1011 miles. The plane traveled for 3.5 hours and carried 285 passengers.

- 47. About how fast did the airplane travel?
- **48.** Suppose it costs \$5685 per hour to operate the airplane. Find the cost per person per hour for the flight.



Population •······

In 2000, the population density of the United States was about 79.6 people per square mile. Source: The World Almanac



- **49. CRITICAL THINKING** Marty and Spencer each saved money earned from shoveling snow. The ratio of Marty's money to Spencer's money is 3:1. If Marty gives Spencer \$3, their ratio will be 1:1. How much money did Marty earn?
- **50.** WRITING IN MATH Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

How are ratios used in paint mixtures?

**B** 3:4

Include the following in your answer:

- an example of a ratio of blue to yellow paint that would result in a darker shade of green, and
- an example of a ratio of blue to yellow paint that would result in a lighter shade of green.
- **51.** Which ratio represents the same relationship as *for every 4 apples, 3 of them are green*?

C 12:9

**52.** Joe paid \$2.79 for a gallon of milk. Find the cost per quart of milk.

 (A) \$0.70
 (B) \$1.40
 (C) \$0.93
 (D) \$0.55

Extending the Lesson

Standardized

Test Practice

**53.** Many objects such as credit cards or phone cards are shaped like golden rectangles.

A 9:16

**a.** Find three different objects that are close to a golden rectangle. Make a table to display the dimensions and the ratio found in each object.

A *golden rectangle* is a rectangle in which the ratio of the length to the width is approximately 1.618 to 1. This ratio is called the **golden ratio**.

D 6:8

- b. Describe how each ratio compares to the golden ratio.
- **c. RESEARCH** Use the Internet or another source to find three places where the golden rectangle is used in architecture.

### **Maintain Your Skills**

Mixed Review State whether each sequence is *arithmetic*, geometric, or neither. Then state the common difference or common ratio and write the next three terms of the sequence. (Lesson 5-10) **54.** -3, 6, -12, 24, ... **55.** 12.1, 12.4, 12.7, 13, ... ALGEBRA Solve each equation. (Lesson 5-9) **56.** 3.6 = x - 7.1 **57.**  $y + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2}{3}$  **58.** -4.8 = 6z **59.**  $\frac{3}{8}w = 5$ **60.** Find the quotient of  $1\frac{1}{7}$  and  $-\frac{4}{7}$ . (Lesson 5-4) Write each number in scientific notation. (Lesson 4-8) **63.** 0.038 **61.** 52,000,000 **62.** 42,240 64. Write  $8 \cdot (k+3) \cdot (k+3)$  using exponents. (Lesson 4-2) Getting Ready for **PREREQUISITE SKILL** Solve each equation. the Next Lesson (To review solving equations, see Lesson 3-4.) **65.** 10x = 300**66.** 25*m* = 225 **67.** 8k = 320**68.** 192 = 4t**69.** 195 = 15w**70.** 231 = 33n







# Making Comparisons

In mathematics, there are many different ways to compare numbers. Consider the information in the table.



The following types of comparison statements can be used to describe this information.

#### Difference Comparisons

- The Houston Zoo has 1000 more animals than the San Diego Zoo.
- The Columbus Zoo is 345 acres larger than the Houston Zoo.
- The Oakland Zoo has 700 less species of animals than the San Diego Zoo.

#### **Ratio Comparisons**

- The ratio of the size of the San Diego Zoo to the size of the Columbus Zoo is 1:4. So, the San Diego Zoo is one-fourth the size of the Columbus Zoo.
- The ratio of the number of animals at the San Diego Zoo to the number of animals at the Oakland Zoo is 4000:400 or 10:1. So, San Diego Zoo has ten times as many animals as the Oakland Zoo.

#### Reading to Learn

**1.** Refer to the zoo information above. Write a difference comparison and a ratio comparison statement that describes the information.

# Refer to the information below. Identify each statement as a difference comparison or a ratio comparison.



Source: The World Almanac

- 2. The area of Florida is about 15,000 square miles greater than the area of Ohio.
- **3.** The ratio of the amount of land forested in Ohio to the amount forested in Florida is about 1 to 2.
- 4. More than one-fourth of the land in Ohio is forested.



# **6-2 Using Proportions**

# What You'll Learn

- Solve proportions.
- Use proportions to solve real-world problems.

#### *How* are proportions used in recipes?

For many years, Phyllis Norman was famous in her neighborhood for making her flavorful fruit punch.

- **a.** For each of the first four ingredients, write a ratio that compares the number of ounces of each ingredient to the number of ounces of water.
- **b.** Double the recipe. Write a ratio for the ounces of each of the first four ingredients to the ounces of water as a fraction in simplest form.

12 oz frozen lemonade concentrate 12 oz frozen grape juice concentrate

40 oz lemon-lime soda

Yields: 160 oz of punch

84 oz water

12 oz frozen orange juice concentrate

**c.** Are the ratios in parts **a** and **b** the same? Why or why not?

**PROPORTIONS** To solve problems that relate to ratios, you can use a proportion. A **proportion** is a statement of equality of two ratios.

Key Con	cept	Proportion
• Words	A proportion is an equation stating that two ratios are	equal.
• Symbols	$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ • Example $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{9}$	

Consider the following proportion.

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{1}{bd} = \frac{c}{d} \cdot \frac{1}{bd}$$
Multiply each side by *bd* to eliminate the fractions.
$$ad = cb$$
Simplify.

The products *ad* and *cb* are called the **cross products** of a proportion. Every proportion has two cross products.



Study Tip

Vocabulary

proportion

cross products

#### Properties

When you multiply each side of an equation by *bd*, you are using the Multiplication Property of Equality.

Concept Check Write a proportion whose cross products are equal to 18.



Cross products can be used to determine whether two ratios form a proportion.

Key Con	cept Property of Proportions
• Words	The cross products of a proportion are equal.
• Symbols	If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ , then $ad = bc$ . If $ad = bc$ , then $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ .

### Example 🕕 Identify Proportions

Determine whether each pair of ratios forms a proportion.

a. $\frac{1}{3'}, \frac{3}{9}$		b. $\frac{1.2}{4.0}, \frac{2}{5}$	
$\frac{1}{3} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{3}{9}$	Write a proportion.	$\frac{1.2}{4.0} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{2}{5}$	Write a proportion.
1 · 9 <u>≟</u> 3 · 3	Cross products	1.2 · 5 ≟ 4.0 · 2	Cross products
9 = 9	Simplify.	$6 \neq 8$	Simplify.
So, $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{9}$ .		So, $\frac{1.2}{4.0} \neq \frac{2}{5}$ .	

Example 2 Joive Proportion	Example	2	Solve	Proportion
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So	olve each proport	ion.		
a.	$\frac{a}{25} = \frac{52}{100}$		b. $\frac{12.5}{m} = \frac{15}{7.5}$	
	$\frac{a}{25} = \frac{52}{100}$		$\frac{12.5}{m} = \frac{15}{7.5}$	
	$a \cdot 100 = 25 \cdot 52$	Cross products	$12.5 \cdot 7.5 = m \cdot 15$	Cross products
	100a = 1300	Multiply.	93.75 = 15m	Multiply.
	$\frac{100a}{100} = \frac{1300}{100}$	Divide.	$\frac{93.75}{15} = \frac{15m}{15}$	Divide.
	a = 13		6.25 = m	
	The solution is 13	3.	The solution is 6.25	5.

**USE PROPORTIONS TO SOLVE REAL-WORLD PROBLEMS** When you solve a problem using a proportion, be sure to compare the quantities in the same order.

#### Example 3 Use a Proportion to Solve a Problem

CONTENTS

# **FOOD** Refer to the recipe at the beginning of the lesson. How much soda should be used if 16 ounces of each type of juice are used?

**Explore** You know how much soda to use for 12 ounces of each type of juice. You need to find how much soda to use for 16 ounces of each type of juice.

**Plan** Write and solve a proportion using ratios that compare juice to soda. Let *s* represent the amount of soda to use in the new recipe.

(continued on the next page)

#### Study Tip

**Cross Products** When you find cross products, you are *cross multiplying*.

#### More About.



Attractions •

The world's largest baseball bat is located in Louisville, Kentucky. It is 120 feet long, has a diameter from 3.5 to 9 feet, and weighs 68,000 pounds.

Source: World's Largest Roadside Attractions

Solve	$\frac{\text{juice in original recipe}}{\text{soda in original recipe}} = \frac{\text{juice in }}{\text{soda in }}$	new recipe new recipe
	$\frac{12}{40} = \frac{16}{s}$	Write a proportion.
	$12 \cdot s = 40 \cdot 16$	Cross products
	12s = 640	Multiply.
	$\frac{12s}{12} = \frac{640}{12}$	Divide.
	$s = 53\frac{1}{3}$	Simplify.

 $53\frac{1}{3}$  ounces of soda should be used.

**Explore** Check the cross products. Since  $12 \cdot 53\frac{1}{3} = 640$  and  $40 \cdot 16 = 640$ , the answer is correct.

Proportions can also be used in measurement problems.

### Example 4 Convert Measurements

**ATTRACTIONS** Louisville, Kentucky, is home to the world's largest baseball glove. The glove is 4 feet high, 10 feet long, 9 feet wide, and weighs 15 tons. Find the height of the glove in centimeters if 1 ft = 30.48 cm.

Let *x* represent the height in centimeters.

customary measurement  $\rightarrow$   $\frac{1 \text{ ft}}{30.48 \text{ cm}} = \frac{4 \text{ ft}}{x \text{ cm}} \leftarrow \text{customary measurement}$   $1 \cdot x = 30.48 \cdot 4$  Cross products x = 121.92 Simplify.

The height of the glove is 121.92 centimeters.

# **Check for Understanding**

**Concept Check** 1. Define proportion.

**2. OPEN ENDED** Find two counterexamples for the statement *Two ratios always form a proportion.* 

*Guided Practice* Determine whether each pair of ratios forms a proportion.

**3.**  $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{4}{16}$  **4.**  $\frac{2.1}{3.5}, \frac{3}{7}$ 

# ALGEBRA Solve each proportion. 5. $\frac{k}{35} = \frac{3}{7}$ 6. $\frac{3}{t} = \frac{18}{24}$ 7. $\frac{10}{8.4} = \frac{5}{m}$

**Application** 8. PHOTOGRAPHY A  $3'' \times 5''$  photo is enlarged so that the length of the new photo is 7 inches. Find the width of the new photo.



# **Practice and Apply**

Homework Help			
For Exercises	See Examples		
9-14	1		
15-31 32-35,	2 3, 4		
36–42			
Extra Practice See page 737.			

#### Determine whether each pair of ratios forms a proportion.

9.	$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{8}{12}$	10.	$\frac{4}{2}, \frac{16}{5}$	11.	$\frac{1.5}{5.0}, \frac{3}{9}$
12.	$\frac{18}{2.4}, \frac{15}{2}$	13.	$\frac{3.4}{1.6'} \frac{5.1}{2.4}$	14.	$\frac{5.3}{15.9}, \frac{2.7}{8.1}$

#### **ALGEBRA** Solve each proportion.

15.	$\frac{p}{6} = \frac{24}{36}$	<b>16.</b> $\frac{w}{11} = \frac{14}{22}$	17.	$\frac{4}{10} = \frac{8}{a}$
18.	$\frac{18}{12} = \frac{24}{q}$	<b>19.</b> $\frac{5}{h} = \frac{10}{30}$	20.	$\frac{51}{z} = \frac{17}{7}$
21.	$\frac{7}{45} = \frac{x}{9}$	<b>22.</b> $\frac{2}{15} = \frac{c}{72}$	23.	$\frac{7}{5} = \frac{10.5}{b}$
24.	$\frac{16}{7} = \frac{4.8}{h}$	<b>25.</b> $\frac{2}{9.4} = \frac{0.2}{v}$	26.	$\frac{9}{7.2} = \frac{3.5}{k}$
27.	$\frac{a}{0.28} = \frac{4}{1.4}$	<b>28.</b> $\frac{3}{14} = \frac{15}{m-3}$	29.	$\frac{16}{x+5} = \frac{4}{5}$

**30.** Find the value of *d* that makes  $\frac{5.1}{1.7} = \frac{7.5}{d}$  a proportion.

**31.** What value of *m* makes  $\frac{6.5}{1.3} = \frac{m}{5.2}$  a proportion?

#### Write a proportion that could be used to solve for each variable. Then solve.

32.	8 pencils in 2 boxes 20 pencils in <i>x</i> boxes	33.	12 glasses in 3 crates 72 glasses in <i>m</i> crates
34.	<i>y</i> dollars for 5.4 gallons 14 dollars for 3 gallons	35.	5 quarts for \$6.25 <i>d</i> quarts for \$8.75

#### **OLYMPICS** For Exercises 36 and 37, use the following information.

There are approximately 3.28 feet in 1 meter.

- **36.** Write a proportion that could be used to find the distance in feet of the 110-meter dash.
- 37. What is the distance in feet of the 110-meter dash?
- **38. PHOTOGRAPHY** Suppose an  $8'' \times 10''$  photo is reduced so that the width of the new photo is 4.5 inches. What is the length of the new photo?

# **CURRENCY** For Exercises 39 and 40, use the following information and the table shown.

The table shows the exchange rates for certain countries compared to the U.S. dollar on a given day.

- **39.** What is the cost of an item in U.S. dollars if it costs 14.99 in British pounds?
- **40.** Find the cost of an item in U.S. dollars if it costs 12.50 in Egyptian pounds.

Country	Rate
United Kingdom	0.667
Egypt	3.481
Australia	1.712
China	8.280



**41. SNACKS** The Skyway Snack Company makes a snack mix that contains raisins, peanuts, and chocolate pieces. The ingredients are shown at the right. Suppose the company wants to sell a larger-sized bag that contains 6 cups of raisins. How many cups of chocolate pieces and peanuts should be added?



- **42. PAINT** If 1 pint of paint is needed to paint a square that is 5 feet on each side, how many pints must be purchased in order to paint a square that is 9 feet 6 inches on each side?
- **43. CRITICAL THINKING** The Property of Proportions states that if  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ , then ad = bc. Write two proportions in which the cross products are ad and bc.
- **44.** WRITING IN MATH Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

#### How are proportions used in recipes?

Include the following in your answer:

- an explanation telling how proportions can be used to increase or decrease the amount of ingredients needed, and
- an explanation of why adding 10 ounces to each ingredient in the punch recipe will not result in the same flavor of punch.
- **45.** Jack is standing next to a flagpole as shown at the right. Jack is 6 feet tall. Which proportion could you use to find the height of the flagpole?

(A) 
$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{x}{12}$$
 (B)  $\frac{x}{6} = \frac{3}{12}$   
(C)  $\frac{6}{3} = \frac{x}{12}$  (D)  $\frac{3}{x} = \frac{12}{6}$ 



# **Maintain Your Skills**

Mixed Review Express each ratio as a unit rate. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary. (Lesson 6-1) **46.** \$5 for 4 loaves of bread **47.** 183.4 miles in 3.2 hours **48.** Find the next three numbers in the sequence 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, . . . . (Lesson 5-10) ALGEBRA Find each quotient. (Lesson 5-4) **50.**  $\frac{3y}{4} \div \frac{5y}{8}$  **51.**  $\frac{4z}{w} \div \frac{7yz}{w}$ **49.**  $\frac{x}{5} \div \frac{x}{20}$ Getting Ready for **PREREQUISITE SKILL** Complete each sentence. the Next Lesson (To review converting measurements, see pages 720 and 721.) **52.** 5 feet =  $\blacksquare$  inches **53.** 8.5 feet = ■ inches **54.** 36 inches = ■ feet **55.** 78 inches = **■** feet 274 Chapter 6 Ratio, Proportion, and Percent







# **Algebra Activity**

# Capture-Recapture

Scientists often determine the number of fish in a pond, lake, or other body of water by using the *capture-recapture* method. A number of fish are captured, counted, carefully tagged, and returned to their habitat. The tagged fish are counted again and proportions are used to estimate the entire population. In this activity, you will model this estimation technique.

#### Collect the Data

Step 1 Copy the table below onto a sheet of paper.

Original Number Captured:			
Sample	Recaptured	Tagged	
1			
2			
3			
4			
•••			
10			
Total			



- Step 2 Empty a bag of dried beans into a paper bag.
- Step 3 Remove a handful of beans. Using a permanent marker, place an X on each side of each bean. These beans will represent the tagged fish. Record this number at the top of your table as the original number captured. Return the beans to the bag and mix.
- **Step 4** Remove a second handful of beans without looking. This represents the first sample of recaptured fish. Record the number of beans. Then count and record the number of beans that are tagged. Return the beans to the bag and mix.
- **Step 5** Repeat Step 4 for samples 2 through 10. Then use the results to find the total number of recaptured fish and the total number of tagged fish.

#### Analyze the Data

**1.** Use the following proportion to estimate the number of beans in the bag.

 $\frac{\text{original number captured}}{\text{total number in bag}} = \frac{\text{total number tagged}}{\text{total number recaptured}}$ 

**2.** Count the number of beans in the bag. Compare the estimate to the actual number.

#### Make a Conjecture

- **3.** Why is it a good idea to base a prediction on several samples instead of one sample?
- **4.** Why does this method work?



# 6-3 Scale Drawings and Models

# What You'll Learn

- Use scale drawings.
- Construct scale drawings.

### How are scale drawings used in everyday life?

# • scale drawing

- scale urawing
   scale model
- scale in
  scale
- scale factor



- **a.** Suppose the landscape plans are drawn on graph paper and the side of each square on the paper represents 2 feet. What is the actual width of a rose garden if its width on the drawing is 4 squares long?
- **b.** All maps have a scale. How can the scale help you estimate the distance between cities?

**USE SCALE DRAWINGS AND MODELS** A scale drawing or a scale model is used to represent an object that is too large or too small to be drawn or built at actual size. A few examples are maps, blueprints, model cars, and model airplanes.



**Concept Check** Why are scale drawings or scale models used?

The **scale** gives the relationship between the measurements on the drawing or model and the measurements of the real object. Consider the following scales.



#### Study Tip

Scale Factor When finding the scale factor, be sure to use the same units of measure.

The ratio of a length on a scale drawing or model to the corresponding length on the real object is called the scale factor. Suppose a scale model has a scale of 2 inches = 16 inches. The scale factor is  $\frac{2}{16}$  or  $\frac{1}{8}$ .

The lengths and widths of objects of a scale drawing or model are proportional to the lengths and widths of the actual object.

# Example 1 Find Actual Measurements

**DESIGN** A set of landscape plans shows a flower bed that is 6.5 inches wide. The scale on the plans is 1 inch = 4 feet.

a. What is the width of the actual flower bed?

Let *x* represent the actual width of the flower bed. Write and solve a proportion.



 $\frac{1 \text{ inch}}{1 \text{ inch}} = \frac{6.5 \text{ inches}}{1 \text{ inches}}$ plan width  $\rightarrow$  $\leftarrow$  plan width actual width  $\rightarrow$ 4 feet ← actual width *x* feet  $1 \cdot x = 4 \cdot 6.5$ Find the cross products. x = 26Simplify.

The actual width of the flower bed is 26 feet.

#### b. What is the scale factor?

To find the scale factor, write the ratio of 1 inch to 4 feet in simplest form.

 $\frac{1 \text{ inch}}{4 \text{ feet}} = \frac{1 \text{ inch}}{48 \text{ inches}}$ Convert 4 feet to inches.

The scale factor is  $\frac{1}{48}$ . That is, each measurement on the plan is  $\frac{1}{48}$  the actual measurement.

# Example 2 Determine the Scale

**ARCHITECTURE** The inside of the Lincoln Memorial contains three chambers. The central chamber, which features a marble statue of Abraham Lincoln, has a height of 60 feet. Suppose a scale model of the chamber has a height of 4 inches. What is the scale of the model?

Write the ratio of the height of the model to the actual height of the statue. Then solve a proportion in which the height of the model is 1 inch and the actual height is *x* feet.

model height  $\rightarrow$  $\leftarrow$  model height 4 inches = 1 inch actual height  $\rightarrow$ ← actual height 60 feet *x* feet  $4 \cdot x = 60 \cdot 1$ Find the cross products. 4x = 60Simplify.  $\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{60}{4}$ Divide each side by 4. x = 15Simplify.

CONTENTS

So, the scale is 1 inch = 15 feet.



More About



Architecture •·····

The exterior of the Lincoln Memorial features 36 columns that represent the states in the Union when Lincoln died in 1865. Each column is 44 feet high. Source: www.infoplease.com



Lesson 6-3 Scale Drawings and Models 277

**CONSTRUCT SCALE DRAWINGS** To construct a scale drawing of an object, use the actual measurements of the object and the scale to which the object is to be drawn.

### Example 3 Construct a Scale Drawing

• **INTERIOR DESIGN** Antonio is designing a room that is 20 feet long and 12 feet wide. Make a scale drawing of the room. Use a scale of 0.25 inch = 4 feet.

**Step 1** Find the measure of the room's length on the drawing. Let *x* represent the length.

drawing length $\rightarrow$	0.25 inch	<u>x</u> inches	← drawing length
actual length $\rightarrow$	4 feet	20 feet	$\leftarrow$ actual length
	0.25 · 20 =	$= 4 \cdot x$	Find the cross products.
	5 =	=4x	Simplify.
	1.25 =	= <i>x</i>	Divide each side by 4.

On the drawing, the length is 1.25 or  $1\frac{1}{4}$  inches.

**Step 2** Find the measure of the room's width on the drawing. Let *w* represent the width.

$\begin{array}{l} \text{drawing length} \rightarrow \\ \text{actual length} \rightarrow \end{array}$	$\frac{0.25 \text{ inch}}{4 \text{ feet}} = \frac{w \text{ inches}}{12 \text{ feet}}$	← drawing length ← actual length
	$0.25 \cdot 12 = 4 \cdot w$	Find the cross products.
	3 = 4w	Simplify.
	$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{4w}{4}$	Divide each side by 4.
	0.75 = w	Simplify.

On the drawing, the width is 0.75 or  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch.

**Step 3** Make the scale drawing. Use  $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch grid paper. Since  $1\frac{1}{4}$  inches = 5 squares and  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch = 3 squares, draw a rectangle that is 5 squares by 3 squares.

	2	0	ft			
<		-		>		
					1	<u> </u>
						÷
					٧,	

# **Check for Understanding**

**Concept Check 1. OPEN ENDED** Draw two squares in which the ratio of the sides of the first square to the sides of the second square is 1:3.

**2. FIND THE ERROR** Montega and Luisa are rewriting the scale 1 inch = 2 feet in *a*:*b* form.

Montega	Luisa
1:36	1:24

Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.



Career Choices



Interior Designer •

Interior designers plan the space and furnish the interiors of places such as homes, offices, restaurants, hotels, hospitals, and even theaters. Creativity and knowledge of computeraided design software is essential.

#### 🖢 Online Research

For information about a career as an interior designer, visit: www.pre-alg.com/ careers

# **Guided Practice** On a map of Pennsylvania, the scale is 1 inch = 20 miles. Find the actual distance for each map distance.

	From	То	Map Distance	
3.	Pittsburgh	Perryopolis	2 inches	
4.	Johnston	Homer City	$1\frac{3}{4}$ inches	

# ApplicationsSTATUESFor Exercises 5 and 6, use the following information.The Statue of Zeus at Olympia is one of the Seven Wonders of the World.<br/>On a scale model of the statue, the height of Zeus is 8 inches.

- 5. If the actual height of Zeus is 40 feet, what is the scale of the statue?
- **6.** What is the scale factor?
- **7. DESIGN** An architect is designing a room that is 15 feet long and 10 feet wide. Construct a scale drawing of the room. Use a scale of 0.5 in. = 10 ft.

# **Practice and Apply**

Homework Help					
For See Exercises Examples					
8–17 1 18, 19 1, 2 20 3					
Extra Practice See page 737.					

On a set of architectural drawings for an office building, the scale is  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch = 3 feet. Find the actual length of each room.

	Room	Drawing Distance
8.	Conference Room	7 inches
9.	Lobby	2 inches
10.	Mail Room	2.3 inches
11.	Library	4.1 inches
12.	Copy Room	2.2 inches
13.	Storage	1.9 inches
14.	Exercise Room	$3\frac{3}{4}$ inches
15.	Cafeteria	$8\frac{1}{4}$ inches

- 16. Refer to Exercises 8–15. What is the scale factor?
- **17.** What is the scale factor if the scale is 8 inches = 1 foot?
- **18. ROLLER COASTERS** In a scale model of a roller coaster, the highest hill has a height of 6 inches. If the actual height of the hill is 210 feet, what is the scale of the model?
- **19. INSECTS** In an illustration of a honeybee, the length of the bee is 4.8 centimeters. The actual size of the honeybee is 1.2 centimeters. What is the scale of the drawing?

CONTENTS



**20. GARDENS** A garden is 8 feet wide by 16 feet long. Make a scale drawing of the garden that has a scale of  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. = 2 ft.

- **21. CRITICAL THINKING** What does it mean if the scale factor of a scale drawing or model is less than 1? greater than 1? equal to 1?
- 22. WRITING IN MATH Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

How are scale drawings used in everyday life?

Include the following in your answer:

- an example of three kinds of scale drawings or models, and
- an explanation of how you use scale drawings in your life.



- **23.** Which scale has a scale factor of  $\frac{1}{18}$ ? (A) 3 in. = 6 ft (B) 6 in. = 9 ft (C) 3 in. = 54 ft (D) 6 in. = 6 ft
- 24. A model airplane is built using a 1:16 scale. On the model, the length of the wing span is 5.8 feet. What is the actual length of the wing?

(A) 84.8 ft **B** 91.6 ft © 92.8 ft **D** 89.8 ft

Extending the Lesson



**b.** Write the ratio that compares their areas.

sides is 1:2.

**a.** Write the ratio that compares their perimeters.

**c.** Find the perimeter and area of a 3-inch by 5-inch rectangle. Then make a conjecture about the perimeter and area of a 6-inch by 10-inch rectangle. Check by finding the actual perimeter and area.

# Maintain Your Skills

Mixed Review	Solve each proportion.	(Lesson 6-2)		
	<b>26.</b> $\frac{n}{20} = \frac{15}{50}$	<b>27.</b> $\frac{14}{32} = \frac{x}{8}$	<b>28.</b> $\frac{3}{2.2}$	$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7.5}{y}$
	Convert each rate using	dimensional and	alysis. (Lesson 6-1)	
	<b>29.</b> $36 \text{ cm/s} = \mathbf{m}/\text{min}$	n 3	<b>30.</b> 66 gal/h = $\blacksquare$ q	t/min
	<b>31.</b> Find $1\frac{1}{4} + 4\frac{5}{6}$ . Write	the answer in sir	mplest form. (Less	on 5-7)
	ALGEBRA Find each p (Lesson 4-6)	roduct or quotien	nt. Express in expo	onential form.
	<b>32.</b> $4^3 \cdot 4^5$ <b>33.</b>	$3t^4 \cdot 6t$	<b>34.</b> $7^{14} \div 7^8$	<b>35.</b> $\frac{24m^5}{18m^2}$
	<b>36. ALGEBRA</b> Find the (Lesson 4-4)	e greatest commo	n factor of 14 <i>x</i> <sup>2</sup> <i>y</i> ar	nd 35 <i>xy</i> <sup>3</sup> .
Getting Ready for	PREREQUISITE SKILL	Simplify each fra	ction.	
the Next Lesson	(To review <b>simplest form</b> , se	e Lesson 4-5.)		
	<b>37.</b> $\frac{5}{100}$ <b>38.</b>	$\frac{25}{100}$ 3	<b>39.</b> $\frac{40}{100}$	<b>40.</b> $\frac{52}{100}$
	<b>41.</b> $\frac{78}{100}$ <b>42.</b>	$\frac{75}{100}$ 4	<b>43.</b> $\frac{82}{100}$	<b>44.</b> $\frac{95}{100}$



# Fractions, Decimals, and Percents

#### What You'll Learn

- Express percents as fractions and vice versa.
- · Express percents as decimals and vice versa.

# Vocabulary

6-4

percent

#### How are percents related to fractions and decimals?

A portion of each figure is shaded.







- a. Write a ratio that compares the shaded region of each figure to its total region as a fraction in simplest form.
- **b.** Rewrite each fraction using a denominator of 100.
- c. Which figure has the greatest part of its area shaded?
- **d.** Was it easier to compare the fractions in part **a** or part **b**? Explain.

# **Reading Math**

#### Percent

Root Word: Cent There are 100 cents in one dollar. Percent means per hundred or hundredths.

#### PERCENTS AND FRACTIONS A percent

is a ratio that compares a number to 100. The meaning of 75% is shown at the right. In the figure, 75 out of 100 squares are shaded.

To write a percent as a fraction, express the ratio as a fraction with a denominator of 100. Then simplify if possible. Notice that a percent can be greater than 100% or less than 1%.

### Example 1 Percents as Fractions



CONTENTS

To write a fraction as a percent, write an equivalent fraction with a denominator of 100.

#### Example 2 Fractions as Percents

Express each fraction as a percent.

a.	$\frac{4}{5}$	b. $\frac{9}{4}$
	$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{80}{100}$ or 80%	$\frac{9}{4} = \frac{225}{100}$ or 225%

**PERCENTS AND DECIMALS** Remember that *percent* means *per hundred*. In the previous examples, you wrote percents as fractions with 100 in the denominator. Similarly, you can write percents as decimals by dividing by 100.

### Key Concept Percents and Decimals

- To write a percent as a decimal, divide by 100 and remove the percent symbol.
- To write a decimal as a percent, multiply by 100 and add the percent symbol.

#### Example 3 Percents as Decimals

Express each percent as a decimal.

a.	28%	b.	8%	
	28% = 28% Divide by 100 and = 0.28 Divide by 100 and		8% = 0.08% = 0.08	Divide by 100 and remove the %.
c.	375%	d.	0.5%	
	375% = 375% Divide by 100 and = 3.75 Divide by 100 and remove the %.		0.5% = 0.5% = 0.005	Divide by 100 and remove the %.

#### Example 4 Decimals as Percents

Express each decimal as a percent.	
a. 0.35	b. 0.09
0.35 = 0.35 Multiply by 100 = 35% and add the %.	0.09 = 0.09 = 9% Multiply by 100 and add the %.
c. 0.007	d. 1.49
0.007 = 0.007 Multiply by 100 = 0.7% and add the %.	1.49 = 1.49 Multiply by 100 = 149% and add the %.
You have expressed fractions as decimals and decimals as percents. Fractions, decimals, and percents are all different names that represent the same	3/4 Fraction 0.75 $\leftarrow$ 75% Percent

CONTENTS

#### Study Tip

Mental Math To divide a number by 100, move the decimal point two places to the left. To multiply a number by 100, move the decimal point two places to the right.

number.

You can also express a fraction as a percent by first expressing the fraction as a decimal and then expressing the decimal as a percent.

#### Example 5 Fractions as Percents

Express each fraction as a percent. Round to the nearest tenth percent, if necessary.

a.	$\frac{7}{8}$	b.	$\frac{2}{3}$
	$\frac{7}{8} = 0.875$		$\frac{2}{3} = 0.66666666$
	= 87.5%		$\approx 66.7\%$
c.	$\frac{3}{500}$	d.	$\frac{15}{7}$
	$\frac{3}{500} = 0.006$		$\frac{15}{7} \approx 2.1428571$
	= 0.6%		≈ 214.3%

### Example 6 Compare Numbers

**SHOES** In a survey, one-fifth of parents said that they buy shoes for their children every 4–5 months while 27% of parents said that they buy shoes twice a year. Which of these groups is larger?

Write one-fifth as a percent. Then compare.

 $\frac{1}{5} = 0.20$  or 20%

Since 27% is greater than 20%, the group that said they buy shoes twice a year is larger.

Check for Und	erstanding					
Concept Check	<b>1. Describe</b> two ways to express a fraction as a percent. Then tell how you know whether a fraction is greater than 100% or less than 1%.					
	<b>2. OPEN ENDED</b> a decimal.	Explain the method you	a would use to express $64\frac{1}{2}\%$ as			
Guided Practice	Express each perce as a decimal.	nt as a fraction or mixed	l number in simplest form and			
	<b>3.</b> 30%	4. $12\frac{1}{2}\%$	<b>5.</b> 125%			
	<b>6.</b> 65%	<b>7.</b> 135%	<b>8.</b> 0.2%			
	Express each decin percent, if necessar	nal or fraction as a perce ry.	nt. Round to the nearest tenth			
	<b>9.</b> 0.45	<b>10.</b> 1.3	<b>11.</b> 0.008			
	<b>12.</b> $\frac{1}{4}$	<b>13.</b> $\frac{12}{9}$	<b>14.</b> $\frac{3}{600}$			
Application	<b>15. MEDIA</b> In a s from their local news from a datter their news?	urvey, 55% of those survel l television station while hily newspaper. From wh	eyed said that they get the news three-fifths said that they get the ich source do more people get			
www.pre-alg.com	/extra examples	Lesso	n 6-4 Fractions, Decimals, and Percents 28:			

CONTENTS

#### Study Tip

Fractions

When the numerator of a fraction is less than the denominator, the fraction is less than 100%. When the numerator of a fraction is greater than the denominator, the fraction is greater than 100%.

# **Practice and Apply**

Homework Help		
For	See	
Exercises	Examples	
16–27	1, 3	
28–39	2, 4, 5	
40, 41	1	
42	6	
Extra Practice See page 737.		

Express each percent as a fraction or mixed number in simplest form and as a decimal.

16.	42%	<b>17.</b> 88%	<b>18.</b> $16\frac{2}{3}\%$	<b>19.</b> 87.5%
20.	150%	<b>21.</b> 350%	<b>22.</b> 18%	<b>23.</b> 61%
24.	117%	<b>25.</b> 223%	<b>26.</b> 0.8%	<b>27.</b> 0.53%

Express each decimal or fraction as a percent. Round to the nearest tenth percent, if necessary.

28.	0.51	<b>29.</b> 0.09	<b>30.</b> 3.21	<b>31.</b> 2.7
32.	0.0042	<b>33.</b> 0.0006	<b>34.</b> $\frac{7}{25}$	<b>35.</b> $\frac{9}{40}$
36.	$\frac{10}{3}$	<b>37.</b> $\frac{14}{8}$	<b>38.</b> $\frac{15}{2500}$	<b>39.</b> $\frac{20}{1200}$

- **40. GEOGRAPHY** Forty-six percent of the world's water is in the Pacific Ocean. What fraction is this?
- **41. GEOGRAPHY** The Arctic Ocean contains 3.7% of the world's water. What fraction is this?
- **42. FOOD** According to a survey, 22% of people said that mustard is their favorite condiment while two-fifths of people said that they prefer ketchup. Which group is larger? Explain.

#### Choose the greatest number in each set.

43.	$\left\{\frac{2}{5}, 0.45, 35\%, 3 \text{ out of } 8\right\}$	44.	$\left\{\frac{3}{4}, 0.70, 78\%, 4 \text{ out of } 5\right\}$	
45.	$\left\{19\%, \frac{3}{16}, 0.155, 2 \text{ to } 15\right\}$	46.	$\left\{89\%, \frac{10}{11}, 0.884, 12 \text{ to } 14\right\}$	ļ

#### Write each list of numbers in order from least to greatest.

47. 
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
, 61%, 0.69

**48.** 
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
, 0.027, 27%

#### **GEOMETRY** For Exercises 49 and 50, use the information and the figure shown. Suppose that two fifths of the rectangle is shaded.

- **49.** Write the decimal that represents the shaded region of the figure.
- **50.** What is the area of the shaded region?



- **51. CRITICAL THINKING** Find a fraction that satisfies the conditions below. Then write a sentence explaining why you think your fraction is or is not the only solution that satisfies the conditions.
  - The fraction can be written as a percent greater than 1%.
  - The fraction can be written as a percent less than 50%.
  - The decimal equivalent of the fraction is a terminating decimal.
  - The value of the denominator minus the value of the numerator is 3.



**Food** • The three types of mustard commonly grown are white or yellow mustard, brown mustard, and Oriental mustard.

Source: Morehouse Foods, Inc.



- **52. CRITICAL THINKING** Explain why percents are rational numbers.
- **53.** WRITING IN MATH Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

#### How are percents related to fractions and decimals?

Include the following in your answer:

- examples of figures in which 25%, 30%, 40%, and 65% of the area is shaded, and
- an explanation of why each percent represents the shaded area.
- **54.** Assuming that the regions in each figure are equal, which figure has the greatest part of its area shaded?



**55.** According to a survey, 85% of people eat a salad at least once a week. Which ratio represents this portion?

**C** 9 to 10

A 17 to 20

**B** 13 to 20

**D** 4 to 5

# **Maintain Your Skills**

Standardized

**Test Practice** 

Mixed Review	Write the scale factor of e	ach scale. (Lesson 6-3)		
	<b>56.</b> 3 inches = 18 inches	<b>57.</b> 2 in	aches = 2 feet	
	<b>58. ALGEBRA</b> Find the s	solution of $\frac{x}{54} = \frac{2}{3}$ . (L	esson 6-2)	
	Find each product. Write	in simplest form. (Le	esson 5-3)	
	<b>59.</b> $\frac{4}{7} \cdot \frac{11}{12}$	<b>60.</b> $-\frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{10}{18}$	<b>61.</b> $4 \cdot \frac{16}{52}$	
	<b>62.</b> Write $5.6 \times 10^{-4}$ in sta	andard form. (Lesson 4	1-8)	
	Determine whether each	number is <i>prime</i> or co	mposite. (Lesson 4-3)	
	<b>63.</b> 21	<b>64.</b> 47	<b>65.</b> 57	
Getting Ready for the Next Lesson	<b>PREREQUISITE SKILL</b> So (To review proportions, see Let	lve each proportion.		
	<b>66.</b> $\frac{25}{4} = \frac{x}{100}$	<b>67.</b> $\frac{56}{7}$	$=\frac{y}{100}$	
	<b>68.</b> $\frac{75}{8} = \frac{n}{100}$	<b>69.</b> $\frac{m}{10}$	$=\frac{9.4}{100}$	
	<b>70.</b> $\frac{h}{350} = \frac{46}{100}$	<b>71.</b> $\frac{86.4}{k}$	$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{27}{100}$	
www.pre-alg.com,	/self_check_quiz	Lesson 6-4	Fractions, Decimals, and Percents	285



# Using a Percent Model

# Activity 1

When you see advertisements on television or in magazines, you are often bombarded with many claims. For example, you might hear that four out of five use a certain long-distance phone service. What percent does this represent?

You can find the percent by using a model.

Finding a Percent			
Step 1 Draw a 10-unit by 1-unit rectangle on grid paper. Label the units on the right from 0 to 100, because percent is a ratio that compares a number to 100.	Step 2 On the left side, mark equal units from 0 to 5, because 5 represents the whole quantity. Locate 4 on this scale.	Step 3 Draw a horizontal line from 4 on the left side to the right side of the model. The number on the right side is the percent. Label the model as shown.	
0           10           20           30           40           50           60           70           80           90           100	0       0       10         1       20       30         2       40       50         3       60       70         4       80       90         5       100       10	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 0 & 0 \\ 10 \\ 1 & 20 \\ 30 \\ 2 & 40 \\ 50 \\ 3 & 60 \\ \hline part & 70 \text{ percent} \\ 4 & 80 \\ \hline whole & 90 & 100 \\ \hline 5 & 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$	

Using the model, you can see that the ratio 4 *out of* 5 is the same as 80%. So, according to this claim, 80% of people prefer the certain long-distance phone service.

#### Model

Draw a model and find the percent that is represented by each ratio. If it is not possible to find the exact percent using the model, estimate.

<b>1.</b> 6 out of 10	<b>2.</b> 9 out of 10
<b>3.</b> 2 out of 5	<b>4.</b> 3 out of 4
<b>5.</b> 9 out of 20	<b>6.</b> 8 out of 50
<b>7.</b> 2 out of 8	<b>8.</b> 3 out of 8
<b>9.</b> 2 out of 3	<b>10.</b> 5 out of 9
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# Activity 2

Suppose a store advertises a sale in which all merchandise is 20% off the original price. If the original price of a pair of shoes is \$50, how much will you save?

In this case, you know the percent. You need to find what part of the original price you'll save.

You can find the part by using a similar model.



Using the model, you can see that 20% of 50 is 10. So, you will save \$10 if you buy the shoes.

#### Model

Draw a model and find the part that is represented. If it is not possible to find an exact answer from the model, estimate.

<b>11.</b> 10% of 50	<b>12.</b> 60% of 20
<b>13.</b> 90% of 40	<b>14.</b> 30% of 10
<b>15.</b> 25% of 20	<b>16.</b> 75% of 40
<b>17.</b> 5% of 200	<b>18.</b> 85% of 500
<b>19.</b> $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ of 12	<b>20.</b> 37.5% of 16



# **6-5** Using the Percent Proportion

# What You'll Learn

• Use the percent proportion to solve problems.

#### Why are percents important in real-world situations?

# Vocabulary

- percent proportion
- part
- base

Have you collected any of the new state quarters?



The quarters are made of a pure copper core and an outer layer that is an alloy of 3 parts copper and 1 part nickel.

- **a.** Write a ratio that compares the amount of copper to the total amount of metal in the outer layer.
- **b.** Write the ratio as a fraction and as a percent.

# **USE THE PERCENT PROPORTION** In a

**percent proportion**, one of the numbers, called the **part**, is being compared to the whole quantity, called the **base**. The other ratio is the percent, written as a fraction, whose base is 100.



**Percent Proportion** 

# Key Concept

- Words  $\frac{\text{part}}{\text{hase}} = \frac{\text{percent}}{100}$ 
  - $\frac{100}{\text{base}} = \frac{100}{100}$
- Symbols  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{p}{100}$ , where *a* is the part, *b* is the base, and *p* is the percent.

# Example 1 Find the Percent

#### Five is what percent of 8?

Five is being compared to 8. So, 5 is the part and 8 is the base. Let *p* represent the percent.

Replace $a$ with 5 and $b$ with 8.
Find the cross products.
Simplify.
Divide each side by 8.
So, 5 is 62.5% of 8.

**Concept Check** In the percent proportion  $\frac{15}{20} = \frac{75}{100'}$ , which number is the base?

#### Study Tip

Estimation

Five is a little more than one-half of eight. So, the answer should be a little more than 50%.



#### Study Tip

#### Base

In percent problems, the base usually follows the word *of*.



 Opdated data
 More activities on finding a percent.
 www.pre-alg.com/ usa\_today

# Example 2) Find the Percent

#### What percent of 4 is 7?

Seven is being compared to 4. So, 7 is the part and 4 is the base. Let *p* represent the percent.

$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{p}{100} \rightarrow \frac{7}{4} = \frac{p}{100}$	Replace $a$ with 7 and $b$ with 4.
$7 \cdot 100 = 4 \cdot p$	Find the cross products.
700 = 4p	Simplify.
$\frac{700}{4} = \frac{4p}{4}$	Divide each side by 4.
175 = p	So, 175% of 4 is 7.

# Example 3 Apply the Percent Proportion

**ENVIRONMENT** The graphic shows the number of threatened species in the United States. What percent of the total number of threatened species are mammals?

Compare the number of species of mammals, 37, to the total number of threatened species, 443. Let *a* represent the part, 37, and let *b* represent the base, 443, in the percent proportion. Let *p* represent the percent.

$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{p}{100} \rightarrow \frac{37}{443} = \frac{p}{100}$	for Conservation of N Natural Resources
$37 \cdot 100 = 443 \cdot p$	
3700 = 443p	Simplify.
$\frac{3700}{443} = \frac{443p}{443}$	Divide each side by 443.
$8.4 \approx n$	Simplify.

So, about 8.4% of the total number of threatened species are mammals.

You can also use the percent proportion to find a missing part or base.

Concept Summary Types		of Percent Problems
Туре	Example	Proportion
Find the Percent	3 is what percent of 4?	$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{p}{100}$
Find the Part	What number is 75% of 4?	$\frac{a}{4} = \frac{75}{100}$
Find the Base	3 is 75% of <u>what number</u> ?	$\frac{3}{b} = \frac{75}{100}$

CONTENTS

### Example **4** Find the Part

#### What number is 5.5% of 650?

The percent is 5.5, and the base is 650. Let *a* represent the part.

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{p}{100} \rightarrow \frac{a}{650} = \frac{5.5}{100}$$
Replace *b* with 650 and *p* with 5.5.  
 $a \cdot 100 = 650 \cdot 5.5$  Find the cross products.  
 $100a = 3575$  Simplify.  
 $a = 35.75$  Mentally divide each side by 100.  
So, 5.5% of 650 is 35.75.

.00 on Updated data

 More activities on using the percent proportion. www.pre-alg.com/ usa today

# Example 5 Apply the Percent Proportion

**CHORES** Use the graphic to determine how many of the 1074 youths surveyed do not clean their room because there is not enough time.

The total number of youths is 1074. So, 1074 is the base. The percent is 29%.

To find 29% of 1074, let *b* represent the base, 1074, and let *p* represent the percent, 29%, in the percent proportion. Let *a* represent the part.

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{p}{100} \to \frac{a}{1074} = \frac{29}{100}$$
$$a \cdot 100 = 1074 \cdot 29$$
$$100a = 31146$$
$$a = 311.46$$



So, about 311 youths do not clean their room because there is not enough time.

Simplify.

Mentally divide each side by 100.

# Example 6 Find the Base

#### Fifty-two is 40% of what number?

The percent is 40% and the part is 52. Let *b* represent the base.

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{p}{100} \rightarrow \frac{52}{b} = \frac{40}{100}$$
 Replace *a* with 52 and *p* with 40.  

$$52 \cdot 100 = b \cdot 40$$
 Find the cross products.  

$$5200 = 40b$$
 Simplify.  

$$\frac{5200}{40} = \frac{40b}{40}$$
 Divide each side by 40.  

$$130 = b$$
 Simplify.  
So, 52 is 40% of 130.



### **Check for Understanding**

- *Concept Check* **1. OPEN ENDED** Write a proportion that can be used to find the percent scored on an exam that has 50 questions.
  - **2. FIND THE ERROR** Judie and Pennie are using a proportion to find what number is 35% of 21. Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.



# Guided PracticeUse the percent proportion to solve each problem.3. 16 is what percent of 40?4. 21 is 30% of what number?5. What is 80% of 130?6. What percent of 5 is 14?

- **Applications 7. BOOKS** Fifty-four of the 90 books on a shelf are history books. What percent of the books are history books?
  - **8. CHORES** Refer to Example 5 on page 290. How many of the 1074 youths surveyed do not clean their room because they do not like to clean?

# **Practice and Apply**

Homework Help		
For	See	
Exercises	Examples	
9–20	1, 2, 4, 6	
21, 23, 24	3	
22, 25	5	
Extra Practice See page 738.		

- Use the percent proportion to solve each problem. Round to the nearest tenth.
  - 9. 72 is what percent of 160?
- 11. 36 is 72% of what number?
- **13.** What is 44% of 175?
- **15.** 52.2 is what percent of 145?
- **17.** 14 is  $12\frac{1}{2}$ % of what number?
- **19.** 7 is what percent of 3500?

- **10.** 17 is what percent of 85?
- **12.** 27 is 90% of what number?
- **14.** What is 84% of 150?
- **16.** 19.8 is what percent of 36?
- **18.** 36 is  $8\frac{3}{4}$ % of what number?
- **20.** What is 0.3% of 750?
- **21. BIRDS** If 12 of the 75 animals in a pet store are parakeets, what percent are parakeets?
- **22. FISH** Of the fish in an aquarium, 26% are angelfish. If the aquarium contains 50 fish, how many are angelfish?

#### **SCIENCE** For Exercises 23 and 24, use the information in the table.

- **23.** What percent of the world's fresh water does the Antarctic Icecap contain?
- 24. **RESEARCH** Use the Internet or another source to find the total volume of the world's fresh and salt water. What percent of the world's total water supply does the Antarctic Icecap contain?

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World's Fresh Water Supply			
Source	Volume (mi <sup>3</sup> )		
Freshwater Lakes	30,000		
All Rivers	300		
Antarctic Icecap	6,300,000		
Arctic Icecap and Glaciers	680,000		
Water in the Atmosphere	3100		
Ground Water	1,000,000		
Deep-lying Ground Water	1,000,000		
Total	9,013,400		

Source: Time Almanac

- **25. LIFE SCIENCE** Carbon constitutes 18.5% of the human body by weight. Determine the amount of carbon contained in a person who weighs 145 pounds.
- **26.** CRITICAL THINKING A number *n* is 25% of some number *a* and 35% of a number *b*. Tell the relationship between *a* and *b*. Is a < b, a > b, or is it impossible to determine the relationship? Explain.
- 27. WRITING IN MATH Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

Why are percents important in real-world situations?

Include the following in your answer:

- an example of a real-world situation where percents are used, and
- an explanation of the meaning of the percent in the situation.



**28.** The table shows the number of people in each section of the school chorale. Which section makes up exactly 25% of the chorale?

(A) Tenor B Alto

C Soprano **D** Bass

School Chorale		
Section	Number	
Soprano	16	
Alto	15	
Tenor	12	
Bass	17	

### **Maintain Your Skills**

Mixed Review	Write each percent as	a fraction in simplest form.	(Lesson 6-4)
	<b>29.</b> 42%	<b>30.</b> 56%	<b>31.</b> 120%

**32.** MAPS On a map of a state park, the scale is 0.5 inch = 1.5 miles. Find the actual distance from the ranger's station to the beach if the distance on the map is 1.75 inches. (Lesson 6-3)

	Find each sum or different 33. $\frac{2}{9} + \frac{5}{9}$	erence. Write in simples 34. $\frac{11}{12} - \frac{3}{12}$	t form. (Lesson 5-5) 35. $2\frac{5}{8} + \frac{7}{8}$
etting Ready for the Next Lesson	PREREQUISITE SKILL (To review multiplying frame)	Find each product. ctions, see Lesson 5-3.)	
	<b>36.</b> $\frac{1}{2} \times 14$	<b>37.</b> $\frac{1}{4} \times 32$	<b>38.</b> $\frac{1}{5} \times 15$
	<b>39.</b> $\frac{2}{3} \times 9$	<b>40.</b> $\frac{3}{4} \times 16$	<b>41.</b> $\frac{5}{6} \times 30$

#### Practice Quiz 1

Getting Ready

Lessons 6-1 through 6-5

- 1. Express \$3.29 for 24 cans of soda as a unit rate. (Lesson 6-1)
- **2.** What value of *x* makes  $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{x}{68}$  a proportion? (Lesson 6-2)
- 3. SCIENCE A scale model of a volcano is 4 feet tall. If the actual height of the volcano is 12,276 feet, what is the scale of the model? (Lesson 6-3)
- 4. Express 352% as a decimal. (Lesson 6-4)
- 5. Use the percent proportion to find 32.5% of 60. (Lesson 6-5)



# **6-6** Finding Percents Mentally

# What You'll Learn

- Compute mentally with percents.
- Estimate with percents.

#### is estimation used when determining sale prices? How

A sporting goods store is having a sale in which all merchandise is on sale at half off. A few regularly priced items are shown at the right.

- **a.** What is the sale price of each item?
- **b.** What percent represents half off?
- c. Suppose the items are on sale for 25% off. Explain how you would determine the sale price.



FIND PERCENTS OF A NUMBER MENTALLY When working with common percents like 10%, 25%, 40%, and 50%, it may be helpful to use the fraction form of the percent. A few percent-fraction equivalents are shown.

Some percents are used more frequently than others. So, it is a good idea to be familiar with these percents and their equivalent fractions.

Concept S	ummary	Per	cent-Fraction	Equivalents
$20\% = \frac{1}{5}$	$10\% = \frac{1}{10}$	$25\% = \frac{1}{4}$	$12\frac{1}{2}\% = \frac{1}{8}$	$16\frac{2}{3}\% = \frac{1}{6}$
$40\% = \frac{2}{5}$	$30\% = \frac{3}{10}$	$50\% = \frac{1}{2}$	$37\frac{1}{2}\% = \frac{3}{8}$	$33\frac{1}{3}\% = \frac{1}{3}$
$60\% = \frac{3}{5}$	$70\% = \frac{7}{10}$	$75\% = \frac{3}{4}$	$62\frac{1}{2}\% = \frac{5}{8}$	$66\frac{2}{3}\% = \frac{2}{3}$
$80\% = \frac{4}{5}$	$90\% = \frac{9}{10}$		$87\frac{1}{2}\% = \frac{7}{8}$	$83\frac{1}{3}\% = \frac{5}{6}$

### Example 1 Find Percent of a Number Mentally

Find the percent of each number mentally.

```
a. 50% of 32
```

```
50% of 32 = \frac{1}{2} of 32 Think: 50% = \frac{1}{2}.
                        Think: \frac{1}{2} of 32 is 16.
               = 16
```

CONTENTS

```
So, 50% of 32 is 16.
```

#### Study Tip

LOOK BACK To review multiplying fractions, see Lesson 5-3. Find the percent of each number mentally. b. 25% of 48  $25\% \text{ of } 48 = \frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 48$  Think:  $25\% = \frac{1}{4}$ . = 12 Think:  $\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 48 \text{ is } 12$ . So, 25% of 48 is 12. c. 40% of 45  $40\% \text{ of } 45 = \frac{2}{5} \text{ of } 45$  Think:  $40\% = \frac{2}{5}$ . = 18 Think:  $\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 45 \text{ is } 9$ . So,  $\frac{2}{5} \text{ of } 45 \text{ is } 18$ . So, 40% of 45 is 18.

**ESTIMATE WITH PERCENTS** Sometimes, an exact answer is not needed. In these cases, you can estimate. Consider the following model.

- 14 of the 30 circles are shaded.
- $\frac{14}{30}$  is about  $\frac{15}{30}$  or  $\frac{1}{2}$ .
- $\frac{1}{2} = 50\%$ . So, about 50% of the model is shaded.

The table below shows three methods you can use to estimate with percents. For example, let's estimate 22% of 237.

Method	Estimate 22% of 237.	
Fraction	22% is a bit more than 20% or $\frac{1}{5}$ . 237 is a bit less than 240. So, 22% of 237 is about $\frac{1}{5}$ of 240 or 48.	Estimate: 48
1%	$22\% = 22 \times 1\%$ 1% of 237 = 2.37 or about 2. So, 22% of 237 is about 22 $\times$ 2 or 44.	Estimate: 44
Meaning of Percent	22% means about 20 for every 100 or about 2 for every 10. 237 has 2 hundreds and about 4 tens. $(20 \times 2) + (2 \times 4) = 40 + 8$ or 48	Estimate: 48

You can use these methods to estimate the percent of a number.

#### Example 2 Estimate Percents

- a. Estimate 13% of 120.
  - 13% is about 12.5% or  $\frac{1}{8}$ .
    - $\frac{1}{8}$  of 120 is 15.

So, 13% of 120 is about 15.

b. Estimate 80% of 296.

80% is equal to  $\frac{4}{5}$ .

296 is about 300.

 $\frac{4}{5}$  of 300 is 240. So, 80% of 296 is about 240.

#### Study Tip

**Percents** To find 1% of any number, move the decimal point two places to the left.



c. Estimate  $\frac{1}{3}\%$  of 598.  $\frac{1}{3}\% = \frac{1}{3} \times 1\%$ . 598 is almost 600. 1% of 600 is 6. So,  $\frac{1}{3}$ % of 598 is about  $\frac{1}{3} \times 6$  or 2.

d. Estimate 118% of 56.

118% means about 120 for every 100 or about 12 for every 10. 56 has about 6 tens.  $12 \times 6 = 72$ So, 118% of 56 is about 72.

Estimating percents is a useful skill in real-life situations.

# Example 3 Use Estimation to Solve a Problem

**MONEY** Amelia takes a taxi from the airport to a hotel. The fare is \$31.50. Suppose she wants to tip the driver 15%. What would be a reasonable amount of tip for the driver?

\$31.50 is about \$32.

15% = 10% + 5%

10% of \$32 is \$3.20. Move the decimal point 1 place to the left. 5% of \$32 is \$1.60. 5% is one half of 10%.

So, 15% is about 3.20 + 1.60 or \$4.80.

A reasonable amount for the tip would be \$5.

Check for Und	erstanding	
Concept Check	<b>1. Explain</b> how to estimate 18% of 216	6 using the fraction method.
	<b>2. Estimate</b> the percent of the figure that is shaded.	
	<b>3. OPEN ENDED</b> Tell which method of estimating a percent you prefer. Explain your decision.	
Guided Practice	Find the percent of each number ment	ally.
	<b>4.</b> 75% of 64	<b>5.</b> 25% of 52
	6. $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ of 27	<b>7.</b> 90% of 80
	Estimate. Explain which method you u	used to estimate.
	<b>8.</b> 20% of 61	<b>9.</b> 34% of 24
	<b>10.</b> $\frac{1}{2}$ % of 396	<b>11.</b> 152% of 14
Application	<b>12. MONEY</b> Lu Chan wants to leave a \$52.48. About how much should he	a tip of 20% on a dinner check of e leave?
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### Study Tip

**Finding Percents** To find 10% of a number, move the decimal point one place to the left.

# **Practice and Apply**

Homework Help		
For Exercises	See Examples	
13-26	1	
27-35	2	
39, 40	3	
Extra Practice See page 738.		

#### Find the percent of each number mentally.

<b>13.</b> 50% of 28	<b>14.</b> 75% of 16	<b>15.</b> 60% of 55
<b>16.</b> 20% of 105	<b>17.</b> $87\frac{1}{2}\%$ of 56	<b>18.</b> $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ of 42
<b>19.</b> $12\frac{1}{2}\%$ of 32	<b>20.</b> $66\frac{2}{3}\%$ of \$24	<b>21.</b> 200% of 45
<b>22.</b> 150% of 54	<b>23.</b> 125% of 300	<b>24.</b> 175% of 200

#### MONEY For Exercises 25 and 26, use the following information.

In a recent year, the number of \$1 bills in circulation in the United States was about 7 billion.

- **25.** Suppose the number of \$5 bills in circulation was 25% of the number of \$1 bills. About how many \$5 bills were in circulation?
- **26.** If the number of \$10 bills was 20% of the number of \$1 bills, about how many \$10 bills were in circulation?

#### Estimate. Explain which method you used to estimate.

<b>27.</b> 30% of 89	<b>28.</b> 25% of 162	<b>29.</b> 38% of 88
<b>30.</b> 81% of 25	<b>31.</b> $\frac{1}{4}$ % of 806	<b>32.</b> $\frac{1}{5}$ % of 40
<b>33.</b> 127% of 64	<b>34.</b> 140% of 95	<b>35.</b> 295% of 145

#### **SPACE** For Exercises 36–38, refer to the information in the table.

- **36.** Which planet has a radius that measures about 50% of the radius of Mercury?
- **37.** Name two planets such that the radius of one planet is about one-third the radius of the other planet.
- **38.** Name two planets such that the mass of one planet is about 330% the mass of the other.



- **39. GEOGRAPHY** The United States has 88,633 miles of shoreline. Of the total amount, 35% is located in Alaska. About how many miles of shoreline are located in Alaska?
- **40. GEOGRAPHY** About 8.5% of the total Pacific coastline is located in California. Use the information at the left to estimate the number of miles of coastline located in California.
- **41. FOOD** A serving of shrimp contains 90 Calories and 7 of those Calories are from fat. About what percent of the Calories are from fat?
- **42. FOOD** Fifty-six percent of the Calories in corn chips are from fat. Estimate the number of Calories from fat in a serving of corn chips if one serving contains 160 Calories.



#### Geography .....

There are four U.S. coastlines. They are the Atlantic, Gulf, Pacific, and Arctic coasts. Most of the coastline is located on the Pacific Ocean. It contains 40,298 miles. **Source:** The World Almanac



- **43. CRITICAL THINKING** In an election, 40% of the Democrats and 92.5% of the Republicans voted "yes". Of all of the Democrats and Republicans, 68% voted "yes". Find the ratio of Democrats to Republicans.
- 44. WRITING IN MATH Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

How is estimation used when determining sale prices? Include the following in your answer:

- an example of a situation in which you used estimation to determine the sale price of an item, and
- an example of a real-life situation other than shopping in which you would use estimation with percents.



<b>45.</b> Which percent is greater than $\frac{3}{5}$ but less than $\frac{2}{3}$ ?			
<b>A</b> 68%	<b>B</b> 54%	<b>C</b> 64%	D 38%
<b>46.</b> Choose the b	est estimate for 2	6% of 362.	
A 91	<b>B</b> 72	<b>(C)</b> 108	D 85

### **Maintain Your Skills**

Mixed Review Use the percent proportion to solve each problem. (Lesson 6-5)

**47.** What is 28% of 75?

**48.** 37.8 is what percent of 84?

**49. FORESTRY** The five states with the largest portion of land covered by forests are shown in the graphic. For each state, how many square miles of land are covered by forests?

	State	Percent of land covered by forests	Area of state (square miles)	
	Maine	89.9%	35,387	1
4	New Hampshire	88.1%	9351	
	West Virginia	77.5%	24,231	*
3.	Vermont	75.7%	9615	2
	Alabama	66.9%	52,423	A star
	0 TI I I II			

Source: The Learning Kingdom, Inc.

	Express each decim	al as a percent.	(Lesson 6-4)	
	<b>50.</b> 0.27	<b>51.</b> 1.6	52	. 0.008
	Express each percer	nt as a decimal.	(Lesson 6-4)	
	<b>53.</b> 77%	<b>54.</b> 8%	<b>55.</b> 421%	<b>56.</b> 3.56%
	ALGEBRA Solve e	ach equation. Cl	heck your solution.	(Lesson 5-9)
	<b>57.</b> <i>n</i> + 4.7 = 13.6	<b>58.</b> $x + \frac{5}{6}$	$r = 2\frac{3}{8}$ 59	$\frac{3}{7}r = -9$
	<b>60. GEOMETRY</b> T. Find its width.	he perimeter of a (Lesson 3-7)	a rectangle is 22 feet	. Its length is 7 feet.
Ready for	PREREQUISITE SKIL	L Solve each e	quation. Check you	ır solution.

CONTENTS

Getting Ready for<br/>the Next LessonPREREQUISITE SKILLSolve each equation. Check your solution.(To review solving equations, see Lesson 3-4.)(To review solving equations, see Lesson 3-4.)62. 20m = 461. 10a = 562. 20m = 463. 60h = 1564. 28g = 1.465. 80w = 5.666. 125n = 15

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# 6-7 Using Percent Equations

# What You'll Learn

- Solve percent problems using percent equations.
- Solve real-life problems involving discount and interest.

#### *How* is the percent proportion related to an equation?

As of July 1, 1999, 45 of the 50 U.S. states had a sales tax. The table shows the tax rate for four U.S. states.

- **a.** Use the percent proportion to find the amount of tax on a \$35 purchase for each state.
- **b.** Express each tax rate as a decimal.



Source: www.taxadmin.org

- **c.** Multiply the decimal form of the tax rate by \$35 to find the amount of tax on the \$35 purchase for each state.
- d. How are the amounts of tax in parts **a** and **c** related?

.....

**PERCENT EQUATIONS** The **percent equation** is an equivalent form of the percent proportion in which the percent is written as a decimal.



Concept Summ	The Percent Equation	
Type Example		Equation
Missing Part	What number is 75% of 4?	n = 0.75(4)
Missing Percent	3 is what percent of 4?	3 = <i>n</i> (4)
Missing Base	3 is 75% of <u>what number</u> ?	3 = 0.75 <i>n</i>

# Example 🕕 Find the Part

**Find 52% of 85. Estimate:**  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 90 is 45. You know that the base is 85 and the percent is 52%.

Let *n* represent the part.

n = 0.52(85) Write 52% as the decimal 0.52.

п	= 44.2	Simplify.
		/

So, 52% of 85 is 44.2.



Vocabulary

percent equation

simple interest

discount

Estimation

To determine whether your answer is reasonable, estimate before finding the exact answer.



Example 2 Find	the Percent
28 is what percent o	of 70? Estimate: $\frac{28}{70} \approx \frac{25}{75}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ , which is $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ .
You know that the b	ase is 70 and the part is 28.
Let <i>n</i> represent the p	percent.
28 = n(70)	
$\frac{28}{70} = n$	Divide each side by 70.
0.4 = n	Simplify.
So, 28 is 40% of 70.	The answer makes sense compared to the estimate.

### Example 3 Find the Base

18 is 45% of what number? Estimate: 18 is 50% of 36.

You know that the part is 18 and the percent is 45. Let *n* represent the base.

18 = 0.45n	Write 45% as the decimal 0.45.
$\frac{18}{0.45} = \frac{0.45n}{0.45}$	Divide each side by 0.45.
40 = n	Simplify.
So, 18 is 45% of 40.	The answer is reasonable since it is close to the estimate.

**DISCOUNT AND INTEREST** The percent equation can also be used to solve problems involving discount and interest. **Discount** is the amount by which the regular price of an item is reduced.

More About. .



#### Skateboards •·····

The popularity of the sport of skateboarding is increasing. An estimated 10,000,000 people worldwide participate in the sport. Source: International Association of Skateboard Companies

### Example 👍 Find Discount

• **SKATEBOARDS** Mateo wants to buy a skateboard. The regular price of the skateboard is \$135. Suppose it is on sale at a 25% discount. Find the sale price of the skateboard.

#### Method 1

First, use the percent equation to find 25% of 135. Estimate:  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 140 = 35

Let *d* represent the discount.

d = 0.25(135)	The base is 135 and the percent is 25%.
d = 33.75	Simplify.

Then, find the sale price.

135 - 33.75 = 101.25 Subtract the discount from the original price.

#### Method 2

A discount of 25% means the item will cost 100% - 25% or 75% of the original price. Use the percent equation to find 75% of 135.

Let *s* represent the sale price.

s = 0.75(135) The base is 135 and the percent is 75%. s = 101.25 Simplify.

The sale price of the skateboard will be \$101.25.

CONTENTS

www.pre-alg.com/extra\_examples



**Simple interest** is the amount of money paid or earned for the use of money. For a savings account, interest is earned. For a credit card, interest is paid. To solve problems involving interest, use the following formula.



#### Formulas

The formula I = prt is read Interest is equal to principal times rate times time.



**Concept Check** Name a situation where interest is earned and a situation where interest is paid.

### Example 5 Apply Simple Interest Formula

**BANKING** Suppose Miguel invests \$1200 at an annual rate of 6.5%. How long will it take until Miguel earns \$195?

I = prt	Write the simple interest formula.
195 = 1200(0.065)t	Replace <i>I</i> with 195, <i>p</i> with 1200, and <i>r</i> with 0.065.
195 = 78t	Simplify.
$\frac{195}{78} = \frac{78t}{78}$	Divide each side by 78.
2.5 = t	Simplify.
A CI 1 111 64	

Miguel will earn \$195 in interest in 2.5 years.

<b>Check for Und</b>	erstanding 🛛 🔍 🔍				
Concept Check	<b>1. OPEN ENDED</b> Give an example of a situation in which using the percent equation would be easier than using the percent proportion.				
	2. Define <i>discount</i> .				
	<b>3. Explain</b> what <i>I</i> , <i>p</i> , <i>r</i> , and <i>t</i> replaced as the set of th	present in the simple interest formula.			
Guided Practice	Solve each problem using the p	ercent equation.			
	<b>4.</b> 15 is what percent of 60?	<b>5.</b> 30 is 60% of what number?			
	<b>6.</b> What is 20% of 110?	<b>7.</b> 12 is what percent of 400?			
	8. Find the discount for a \$268 DVD player that is on sale at 20% off.				
	<b>9.</b> What is the interest on \$8000 that is invested at 6% for $3\frac{1}{2}$ years? Round to the nearest cent.				
Applications	<b>10. SHOPPING</b> A jacket that normally sells for \$180 is on sale at a 35% discount. What is the sale price of the jacket?				
	<b>11. BANKING</b> How long will it invested at a 7% annual inte	t take to earn \$252 in interest if \$2400 is rest rate?			



# **Practice and Apply**

Homework Help				
For See Exercises Examples				
12–27, 39	1–3			
28-33	4			
34–38	5			
Extra Practice See page 738.				

#### Solve each problem using the percent equation.

- 12. 9 is what percent of 25?
- **14.** 48 is 64% of what number?
- 16. Find 12% of 72.
- **18.** 39.2 is what percent of 112?
- **20.** What is 37.5% of 89?
- **22.** 37.5 is what percent of 30?
- 24. 1.6 is what percent of 400?
- 26. 83.5 is 125% of what number?

- 13. 38 is what percent of 40?
- 15. 27 is 54% of what number?
- 17. Find 42% of 150.
- **19.** 49.5 is what percent of 132?
- **21.** What is 24.2% of 60?
- **23.** 43.6 is what percent of 20?
- **25.** 1.35 is what percent of 150?
- **27.** 17.6 is  $133\frac{1}{3}\%$  of what number?
- **28. FOOD** A frozen pizza is on sale at a 25% discount. Find the sale price of the pizza if it normally sells for \$4.85.
- 29. CALCULATORS Suppose a calculator is on sale at a 15% discount. If it normally sells for \$29.99, what is the sale price?

#### Find the discount to the nearest cent.



- **31.** \$85 cordless phone, 20% off
- 32. \$489 stereo, 15% off
- **33.** 25% off a \$74 baseball glove

#### Find the interest to the nearest cent.



- **35.** \$4500 at 5.5% for  $4\frac{1}{2}$  years **36.** \$3680 at 6.75% for  $2\frac{1}{4}$  years **37.** 5.5% for  $1\frac{3}{4}$  years on \$2543
- **38. BANKING** What is the annual interest rate if \$1600 is invested for 6 years and \$456 in interest is earned?
- **39. SPORTS** One season, a football team had 7 losses. This was 43.75% of the total games they played. How many games did they play?
- **40. REAL ESTATE** A **commission** is a fee paid to a salesperson based on a percent of sales. Suppose a real estate agent earns a 3% commission. What commission would be earned for selling the house shown?
- **41. BUSINESS** To make a profit, stores try to sell an item for more than it paid for the item. The increase in price is called the **markup**. Suppose a store purchases paint brushes for \$8 each. Find the markup if the brushes are sold for 15% over the price paid for them.





The percent equation

can help you analyze the nutritional value

Web Juest

continue work on your WebQuest project.



- **42. CRITICAL THINKING** Determine whether n% of *m* is always equal to m% of *n*. Give examples to support your answer.
- **43.** WRITING IN MATH Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

How is the percent proportion related to an equation?

Include the following in your answer:

- an explanation describing two methods for finding the amount of tax on an item, and
- an example of using both methods to find the amount of sales tax on an item.



**44.** What percent of 320 is 19.2?

**C** 6%

D 0.06%

45. Ryan wants to buy a tent that costs \$150 for his camping trip. The tent is on sale at a 30% discount. What will be the sale price of the tent?
A 95
B 105
C 45
D 110

### **Maintain Your Skills**

 Mixed Review
 Estimate. Explain which method you used to estimate. (Lesson 6-6)

 46. 47% of 84
 47. 126% of 198
 48. 9% of 514

Use the percent proportion to solve each problem. (Lesson 6-5)

**49.** What is 55% of 220?

**50.** 50.88 is what percent of 96?

**51. POPULATION** The graphic shows the number of stories of certain buildings in Tulsa, Oklahoma. What is the mean of the data? *(Lesson 5-8)* 



**52.** List all the factors of 30. (Lesson 4-1)



**55. ALGEBRA** Use the Distributive Property to rewrite (w - 3)8. (Lesson 3-1)

#### Getting Ready for PREREQUISITE SKILL Write each decimal as a percent. the Next Lesson (To review writing decimals as percents, see Lesson 6-4.)

<b>56.</b> 0.58	<b>57.</b> 0.89	<b>58.</b> 0.125
<b>59.</b> 1.56	<b>60.</b> 2.04	<b>61.</b> 0.224





# **Compound Interest**

Simple interest, which you studied in the previous lesson, is paid only on the initial principal of a savings account or a loan. **Compound interest** is paid on the initial principal and on interest earned in the past. You can use a spreadsheet to investigate the impact of compound interest.

# **SAVINGS** Find the value of a \$1000 savings account after five years if the account pays 6% interest compounded semiannually.

6% interest compounded semiannually means that the interest is paid twice a year, or every 6 months. The interest rate is  $6\% \div 2$  or 3%.

	🗖 🚽 🖓 Compound Interest			E	]日	
		A	В	C	D	
The rate is	1	RATE		-		
entered as	2	Sconencer en S			an a	
a decimal.	3	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	NEW PRINCIPAL	TIME (YR)	
	4	1000.00	30.00	1030.00	0.5	
The spreadsheet	5	1030.00	30.90	1060.90	1.0	
evaluates the	6	1060.90	31,83	1092.73	1.5	
formula A4 $\times$ B1.	7	1092.73	32.78	1125.51	2.0	
	8	1125,51	33.77	1159.27	2.5	
The interest is	9	1159.27	34.78	1194.05	3.0	
added to the	10	1194.05	35.82	1229.87	3.5	
principal every	11	1229.87	36.90	1266.77	4.0	
6 months. The	12	1266.77	38.00	1304.77	4.5	
spreadsheet	13	1304.77	39.14	1343.92	5.0	
formula A4 + B4.	14 4	> > She	et1 / Sheet	2 / Sh 4 🔟	•	Ť
	Edit					11

The value of the savings account after five years is \$1343.92.

### Model and Analyze

- **1.** Suppose you invest \$1000 for five years at 6% simple interest. How does the simple interest compare to the compound interest shown above?
- **2.** Use a spreadsheet to find the amount of money in a savings account if \$1000 is invested for five years at 6% interest compounded quarterly.
- **3.** Suppose you leave \$100 in each of three bank accounts paying 5% interest per year. One account pays simple interest, one pays interest compounded semiannually, and one pays interest compounded quarterly. Use a spreadsheet to find the amount of money in each account after three years.

#### Make a Conjecture

**4.** How does the amount of interest change if the compounding occurs more frequently?



# **6-8 Percent of Change**

# What You'll Learn

- Find percent of increase.
- Find percent of decrease.

# Vocabulary

- percent of change
- percent of increase
- percent of decrease

#### How can percents help to describe a change in area?

Suppose the length of rectangle A is increased from 4 units to 5 units.



Rectangle A had an initial area of 8 square units. It increased to 10 square units. This is a change in area of 2 square units. The following ratio shows this relationship.

 $\frac{\text{change in area}}{\text{original area}} = \frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4} \text{ or } 25\%$ 

This means that, compared to the original area, the new area increased by 25%.

Draw each pair of rectangles. Then compare the rectangles. Express the increase as a fraction and as a percent.

- **a.** X: 2 units by 3 units Y: 2 units by 4 units
- **b.** G: 2 units by 5 units H: 2 units by 6 units
- **c.** J: 2 units by 4 units K: 2 units by 5 units
- **d.** P: 2 units by 6 units Q: 2 units by 7 units
- e. For each pair of rectangles, the change in area is 2 square units. Explain why the percent of change is different.

FIND PERCENT OF INCREASE A **percent of change** tells the percent an amount has increased or decreased in relation to the original amount.

# Example 🚺 Find Percent of Change

Find the percent of change from 56 inches to 63 inches.

Step 1 Subtract to find the amount of change.

63 - 56 = 7 new measurement – original measurement

Step 2 Write a ratio that compares the amount of change to the original measurement. Express the ratio as a percent.

> amount of change percent of change =  $\frac{\text{uncert}}{\text{original measurement}}$

> > $=\frac{7}{56}$

Substitution.

= 0.125 or 12.5% Write the decimal as a percent.

The percent of change from 56 inches to 63 inches is 12.5%.



When an amount increases, as in Example 1, the percent of change is a **percent of increase**.

### Example 2) Find Percent of Increase

**FUEL** In 1975, the average price per gallon of gasoline was \$0.57. In 2000, the average price per gallon was \$1.47. Find the percent of change. Source: The World Almanac

**Step 1** Subtract to find the amount of change.

1.47 - 0.57 = 0.9 new price – original price

**Step 2** Write a ratio that compares the amount of change to the original price. Express the ratio as a percent.

percent of change =  $\frac{\text{amount of change}}{\text{original price}}$ =  $\frac{0.9}{0.57}$  Substitution.  $\approx 1.58 \text{ or } 158\%$  Write the decimal as a percent.

The percent of change is about 158%. In this case, the percent of change is a percent of increase.



# Example 3 Find Percent of Increase

#### **Multiple-Choice Test Item**

Refer to the table shown. Which county had the greatest percent of increase in population from 1990 to 2000?		County	1990	2000
		Breckinridge	16,312	18,648
Breckinridge     B Bracken		Bracken	7766	8279
		Calloway	30,735	34,177
C Calloway	D Fulton	Fulton	8271	7752

#### **Read the Test Item**

Percent of increase tells how much the population has increased in relation to 1990.

#### Solve the Test Item

Use a ratio to find each percent of increase. Then compare the percents.

• Breckinridge

 $\frac{18,648 - 16,312}{16,312} = \frac{2336}{16,312}$  $\approx 0.1432 \text{ or } 14.3\%$  • Bracken

 $\frac{8279 - 7766}{7766} = \frac{513}{7766}$  $\approx 0.0661 \text{ or } 6.6\%$ 

• Calloway

 $\frac{34,177 - 30,735}{30,735} = \frac{3442}{30,735} \approx 0.112 \text{ or } 11.2\%$ 

• Fulton

Eliminate this choice because the population decreased.

Breckinridge County had the greatest percent of increase in population from 1990 to 2000. The answer is A.



If you are unsure of the correct answer, eliminate the choices you know are incorrect. Then consider the remaining choices.

Lesson 6-8 Percent of Change 305



**PERCENT OF DECREASE** When the amount decreases, the percent of change is negative. You can state a negative percent of change as a percent of decrease.



#### Stock Market

About 20 years ago, only 12.2% of Americans had money invested in the stock market. Today, more than 44% of Americans invest in the stock market. Source: www.infoplease.com

# Example **4** Find Percent of Decrease

**STOCK MARKET** One of the largest stock market drops on Wall Street occurred on October 19, 1987. On this day, the stock market opened at 2246.74 points and closed at 1738.42 points. What was the percent of change?

**Step 1** Subtract to find the amount of change.

1738.42 - 2246.74 = -508.32 closing points – opening points

**Step 2** Compare the amount of change to the opening points.

percent of change =  $\frac{\text{amount of change}}{\text{opening points}}$  $=\frac{-508.32}{2246.74}$ Substitution.  $\approx -0.226 \text{ or } -22.6\%$  Write the decimal as a percent.

The percent of change is -22.6%. In this case, the percent of change is a percent of decrease.

### **Check for Understanding**

**Concept Check** 1. Explain how you know whether a percent of change is a percent of increase or a percent of decrease.

- **2. OPEN ENDED** Give an example of a percent of decrease.
- **3. FIND THE ERROR** Scott and Mark are finding the percent of change when a shirt that costs \$15 is on sale for \$10.

Scott Mark  $\frac{10-15}{10} = \frac{-5}{10} \text{ or } -50\%$  $\frac{10-15}{15} = \frac{-5}{15} \text{ or } -33\frac{1}{3}\%$ 

Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.

- Guided Practice Find the percent of change. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary. Then state whether the percent of change is a *percent of increase* or a *percent of* decrease.
  - 4. from \$50 to \$67 5. from 45 in. to 18 in.
  - 6. from 80 cm to 55 cm 7. from \$228 to \$251
  - 8. ANIMALS In 2000, there were 356 endangered species in the U.S. One year later, 367 species were considered endangered. What was the percent of change?



9. Refer to Example 3 on page 305. Suppose in 10 years, the population of Calloway is 36,851. What will be the percent of change from 1990? (A) 19.9%

**B** 9.8% C 10.7% **D** 15.3%



### **Practice and Apply**



Find the percent of change. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary. Then state whether the percent of change is a *percent of increase* or a *percent of decrease*.

- 10. from 25 cm to 36 cm
- **12.** from 68 min to 51 min
- 11. from \$10 to \$2713. from 50 lb to 44 lb
- **14.** from \$135 to \$120
- 16. from 365 ft to 421 ft
- **15.** from 257 m to 243 m
- **17.** from \$289 to \$762
- **18. WEATHER** Seattle, Washington, receives an average of 6.0 inches of precipitation in December. In March, the average precipitation is 3.8 inches. What is the percent of change in precipitation from December to March?
- **19. POPULATION** In 1990, the population of Alabama was 4,040,587. In 2000, the population was 4,447,100. Find the percent of change from 1990 to 2000.
- **20.** Suppose 36 videos are added to a video collection that has 24 videos. What is the percent of change?
- **21.** A biology class has 28 students. Four of the students transferred out of the class to take chemistry. Find the percent of change in the number of students in the biology class.
- **22. BUSINESS** A restaurant manager wants to reduce spending on supplies 10% in January and an additional 15% in February. In January, the expenses were \$2875. How much should the expenses be at the end of February?
- **23. SCHOOL** Jiliana is using a copy machine to increase the size of a 2-inch by 3-inch picture of a spider. The enlarged picture needs to measure 3 inches by 4.5 inches.





What enlargement setting on the copy machine should she use?

- **24. CRITICAL THINKING** Explain why a 10% increase followed by a 10% decrease is less than the original amount if the original amount was positive.
- **25.** WRITING IN MATH Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

#### How can percents help to describe a change in area?

CONTENTS

Include the following in your answer:

- an explanation describing how you can tell whether the percent of increase will be greater than 100%, and
- an example of a model that shows an increase less than 100% and one that shows an increase greater than 100%.



**26. RESEARCH** Use the Internet or another source to find the population of your town now and ten years ago. What is the percent of change?



# For Exercises 27 and 28, refer to the information in the table.

**27.** What percent represents the percent of change in the number of beagles from 1998 to 1999?

▲ -8.1%	<b>B</b> −7.5%
○ −9.7%	D -8.0%

Kennel Club Registrations		
Breed	1998	1999
Labrador Retriever	157,936	157,897
Beagle	53,322	49,080
Maltese	18,013	16,358
Golden Retriever	65,681	62,652
Shih Tzu	38,468	34,576
Cocker Spaniel	34,632	29,958
Siberian Husky	21,078	18,106

28. Which breed had the largest percent of decrease?

- (A) Siberian Husky
- Cocker Spaniel
- C Golden Retriever
- D Labrador Retriever

# **Maintain Your Skills**

Mixed Review	<b>29.</b> Find the discount to the nearest cent for a television that costs \$999 and is on sale at 15% off. <i>(Lesson 6-7)</i>	
	<b>30.</b> Find the interest on \$1590 that is invested at 8% for 3 years. Round to the nearest cent. ( <i>Lesson 6-7</i> )	
	<b>31.</b> A calendar is on sale at a 10% discount. What is the sale price if it normally sells for \$14.95? <i>(Lesson 6-7)</i>	
	Estimate. Explain which method you used to estimate. (Lesson 6-6)	
	<b>32.</b> 60% of 134 <b>33.</b> 88% of 72 <b>34.</b> 123% of 32	
	Identify all of the sets to which each number belongs (Lesson 5.2)	

Identify all	of the sets to which each number	r belongs.	(Lesson 5-2)
<b>35.</b> -8	<b>36.</b> $1\frac{1}{4}$	37.	-5.63

Getting Ready for<br/>the Next LessonPREREQUISITE SKILLWrite each fraction as a percent.<br/>(To review writing fractions as percents, see Lesson 6-4.) $38. \frac{3}{4}$  $39. \frac{1}{5}$  $40. \frac{2}{3}$  $41. \frac{5}{6}$  $42. \frac{3}{8}$ 

#### Practice Quiz 2

#### Lessons 6-6 through 6-8

- Estimate. Explain which method you used to estimate. (Lesson 6-6) 1. 42% of 68 2.  $66\frac{2}{3}$ % of 34
- **3.** Find the discount to the nearest cent on a backpack that costs \$58 and is on sale at 25% off. (*Lesson 6-7*)
- **4.** Find the interest to the nearest cent on \$2500 that is invested at 4% for 2.5 years. (*Lesson* 6-7)
- 5. Find the percent of change from \$0.95 to \$2.45. (Lesson 6-8)





# **Algebra Activity**

A Preview of Lesson 6-9

# Taking a Survey

The graph shows the results of a survey about what types of stores people in the United States shop at the most. Since it would be impossible to survey everyone in the country, a sample was used. A **sample** is a subgroup or subset of the population.

It is important to obtain a sample that is unbiased. An **unbiased** sample is a sample that is:

- representative of the larger population,
- selected at random or without preference, and
- large enough to provide accurate data.

To insure an unbiased sample, the following sampling methods may be used.

- **Random** The sample is selected at random.
- **Systematic** The sample is selected by using every *n*th member of the population.
- **Stratified** The sample is selected by dividing the population into groups.

#### Model and Analyze

Tell whether or not each of the following is a random sample. Then provide an explanation describing the strengths and weaknesses of each sample.

	Type of Survey	Location of Survey
1.	travel preference	mall
2.	time spent reading	library
3.	favorite football player	Miami Dolphins football game

- **4.** Brad conducted a survey to find out which food people in his community prefer. He surveyed every second person that walked into a certain fast-food restaurant. Identify this type of sampling. Explain how the survey may be biased.
- **5.** Suppose a study shows that teenagers who eat breakfast each day earn higher grades than teenagers who skip breakfast. Tell how you can use the stratified sampling technique to test this claim in your school.
- 6. Suppose you want to determine where students in your school shop the most.
  - **a.** Formulate a hypothesis about where students shop the most.
  - **b.** Design and conduct a survey using one of the sampling techniques described above.
  - **c.** Organize and display the results of your survey in a chart or graph.
  - **d.** Evaluate your hypothesis by drawing a conclusion based on the survey.



Source: International Mass Retail Association



# **6-9 Probability and Predictions**

# What You'll Learn

- Find the probability of simple events.
- Use a sample to predict the actions of a larger group.

# Vocabulary

- outcomes
- simple event
- probability
- sample space
- theoretical probability
- experimental probability

#### How can probability help you make predictions?

A popular word game is played using 100 letter tiles. The object of the game is to use the tiles to spell words scoring as many points as possible. The table shows the distribution of the tiles.

- **a.** Write the ratio that compares the number of tiles labeled E to the total number of tiles.
- **b.** What percent of the tiles are labeled E?
- c. What fraction of tiles is this?
- **d.** Suppose a player chooses a tile. Is there a better chance of choosing a D or an N? Explain.

Letter	Number of Tiles
E	12
A, I	9
0	8
N, R, T	6
D, L, S, U	4
G	3
B, C, F, H, M, P,	
V, W, Y, blank	2
J, K, Q, X, Z	1

**PROBABILITY OF SIMPLE EVENTS** In the activity above, there are 27 possible tiles. These results are called **outcomes**. A **simple event** is one outcome or a collection of outcomes. For example, choosing a tile labeled E is a simple event.

You can measure the chances of an event happening with **probability**.

	Key Con	cept	Probability
comes	• Words	The probability of an event is a ratio that favorable outcomes to the number of po	at compares the number of ossible outcomes.
likely to	• Symbols	$P(\text{event}) = \frac{\text{number of favorable outcomes}}{\text{number of possible outcomes}}$	

The probability of an event is always between 0 and 1, inclusive. The closer a probability is to 1, the more likely it is to occur.





Suppose there is a 45% chance that an event occurs. How likely is it that the event will occur?

#### Study

Probability Each of the outo must be equally happen.



# Example 1 Find Probability

#### Suppose a number cube is rolled. What is the probability of rolling a prime number?

There are 3 prime numbers on a number cube:

2, 3, and 5.

There are 6 possible outcomes: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6.

$$P(\text{prime}) = \frac{\text{number of favorable outcomes}}{\text{number of possible outcomes}}$$
$$= \frac{3}{6} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}$$

So, the probability of rolling a prime number is  $\frac{1}{2}$  or 50%.

The set of all possible outcomes is called the **sample space**. For Example 1, the sample space was {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}. When you toss a coin, the sample space is {heads, tails}.

# Example 2 Find Probability

Suppose two number cubes are rolled. Find the probability of rolling an even sum.

Make a table showing the sample space when rolling two number cubes.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)	(1, 6)
2	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)	(2, 6)
3	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)	(3, 6)
4	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)	(4, 6)
5	(5, 1)	(5, 2)	(5, 3)	(5, 4)	(5, 5)	(5, 6)
6	(6, 1)	(6, 2)	(6, 3)	(6, 4)	(6, 5)	(6, 6)

There are 18 outcomes in which the sum is even.

So, 
$$P(\text{even sum}) = \frac{18}{36} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}$$
.

This means there is a 50% chance of rolling an even sum.

The probabilities in Examples 1 and 2 are called theoretical probabilities. **Theoretical probability** is what *should* occur. **Experimental probability** is what actually occurs when conducting a probability experiment.

# Example 3 Find Experimental Probability

The table shows the results of an experiment in which a coin was tossed. Find the experimental probability of tossing a coin and getting tails for this experiment.

Outcome	Tally	Frequency
Heads	JHT JHT IIII	14
Tails		11

 $\frac{\text{number of times tails occur}}{\text{number of possible outcomes}} = \frac{11}{14 + 11} \text{ or } \frac{11}{25}$ 

The experimental probability of getting tails in this case is  $\frac{11}{25}$  or 44%.



P(prime) P(prime) is read as the probability of rolling a prime number.

www.pre-alg.com/extra\_examples



**USE A SAMPLE TO MAKE PREDICTIONS** You can use an athlete's past performance to predict whether she will get a hit or make a basket. You can also use the results of a survey to predict the actions of a larger group.



a = 117

You can expect 117 people to say that they prefer thin mint cookies.

Mentally divide each side by 100.

<b>Check for Und</b>	erstanding	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Concept Check	<b>1. Tell</b> what a probability of 0 means.		
	2. Compare and contrast	theoretical and experimental probability.	
	<b>3. OPEN ENDED</b> Give an example of a situation in which the probability of the event is 25%.		
Guided Practice	Ten cards are numbered 1 Determine the probability fraction and as a percent.	through 10, and one card is chosen at random. of each outcome. Express each probability as a	
	<b>4.</b> <i>P</i> (5)	<b>5.</b> <i>P</i> (odd)	
	<b>6.</b> <i>P</i> (less than 3)	7. <i>P</i> (greater than 6)	
	For Exercises 8 and 9, refer to the table in Example 2 on page 311. Determine each probability. Express each probability as a fraction and as a percent. 8. $P(\text{sum of } 2 \text{ or } 6)$		
	<b>10.</b> Refer to Example 3 on getting heads for the example 3 of the example	page 311. Find the experimental probability of speriment.	
Application	<b>11. FOOD</b> Maresha took a sample from a package of jellybeans and found that 30% of the beans were red. Suppose there are 250 jellybeans in the package. How many can she expect to be red?		



### **Practice and Apply**

Homework Help		
For	See	
Exercises	Examples	
12–34,	1, 2	
35, 36	3	
37	4	
Extra Practice See page 739.		

A spinner like the one shown is used in a game. Determine the probability of each outcome if the spinner is equally likely to land on each section. Express each probability as a fraction and as a percent.



12.	<i>P</i> (8)	13.	P(red)	14.	P(even)
15.	P(prime)	16.	P(greater than 5)	17.	<i>P</i> (less than 2)
18.	<i>P</i> (blue or 11)	19.	<i>P</i> (not yellow)	20.	P(not red)

There are 2 red marbles, 4 blue marbles, 7 green marbles, and 5 yellow marbles in a bag. Suppose one marble is selected at random. Find the probability of each outcome. Express each probability as a fraction and as a percent.

<b>21.</b> <i>P</i> (blue)	<b>22.</b> <i>P</i> (yellow)	<b>23.</b> <i>P</i> (not green)
<b>24.</b> <i>P</i> (purple)	<b>25.</b> <i>P</i> (red or blue)	<b>26.</b> <i>P</i> (blue or yellow)
<b>27.</b> <i>P</i> (not orange)	<b>28.</b> <i>P</i> (no	ot blue or not red)

- **29.** What is the probability that a calendar is randomly turned to the month of January or April?
- **30.** Find the probability that today is November 31.

Suppose two spinners like the ones shown are spun. Find the probability of each outcome. (Hint: Make a table to show the sample space as in Example 2 on page 311.)

**31.** *P*(2, 7)

**33.** *P*(sum of 9)



**DRIVING** For Exercises 35 and 36, use the following information and the table shown. The table shows the approximate number of

**32.** *P*(even, even)

**34.** *P*(2, greater than 5)

licensed automobile drivers in the United States in a certain year. An automobile company is conducting a telephone survey using a list of licensed drivers.

- **35.** Find the probability that a driver will be 19 years old or younger. Express the answer as a decimal rounded to the nearest hundredth and as a percent.
- **36.** What is the probability that a randomly chosen driver will be 40-49 years old? Write the answer as a decimal rounded to the nearest hundredth and as a percent.

Age	Drivers (millions)
19 and under	9
20-29	34
30-39	41
40-49	37
50-59	24
60-69	18
70 and over	17
Total	180

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation



- **37. FOOD** Refer to the graph. Out of 1200 people, how many would you expect to say they crave chocolate after dinner?
- **38. CRITICAL THINKING** In the English language, 13% of the letters used are E's. Suppose you are guessing the letters in a two-letter word of a puzzle. Would you guess an E? Explain.
- **39.** WRITING IN MATH Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

# How can probability help you make predictions?



Include the following in your answer:

- an explanation telling the probability of choosing each letter tile, and
- an example of how you can use probability to make predictions.





# **Maintain Your Skills**

*Mixed Review* **41.** Find the percent of change from 32 feet to 79 feet. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary. Then state whether the percent of change is a *percent of increase* or a *percent of decrease*. (Lesson 6-8)

Solve each problem using an equation. Round to the nearest tenth. *(Lesson 6-7)* 

**42.** 7 is what percent of 32? **43.** Wh

**43.** What is 28.5% of 84?

**ALGEBRA** Find each product or quotient. Express your answer in exponential form. (*Lesson 4-6*)

<b>14</b> 7 <sup>2</sup> 7 <sup>3</sup>	$45 x^4 \cdot 2x$	$16 \frac{8^{12}}{12}$	47	<u>36n<sup>4</sup></u>
44. / / /	<b>45.</b> $x^{-1} 2x$	<b>40.</b> $8^8$	41/.	$14n^{2}$







# Graphing Calculator Investigation

A Follow-Up of Lesson 6-9

# **Probability Simulation**

A random number generator can simulate a probability experiment. From the simulation, you can calculate experimental probabilities. Repeating a simulation may result in different probabilities since the numbers generated are different each time.

# **Example** Generate 30 random numbers from 1 to 6, simulating 30 rolls of a number cube.

- Access the random number generator.
- Enter 1 as a lower bound and 6 as an upper bound for 30 trials.

#### KEYSTROKES: MATH < 51, 6, 30 ) ENTER

A set of 30 numbers ranging from 1 to 6 appears. Use the right arrow key to see the next number in the set. Record all 30 numbers, as a column, on a separate sheet of paper.



#### Exercises

- **1.** Record how often each number on the number cube appeared.
  - **a.** Find the experimental probability of each number.
  - **b.** Compare the experimental probabilities with the theoretical probabilities.
- **2.** Repeat the simulation of rolling a number cube 30 times. Record this second set of numbers in a column next to the first set of numbers. Each pair of 30 numbers represents a roll of two number cubes. Find the sum for each of the 30 pairs of rolls.
  - **a.** Find the experimental probability of each sum.
  - **b.** Compare the experimental probability with the theoretical probabilities.
- **3.** Design an experiment to simulate 30 spins of a spinner that has equal sections colored red, white, and blue.
  - a. Find the experimental probability of each color.
  - **b.** Compare the experimental probabilities with the theoretical probabilities.
- 4. Suppose you play a game where there are three containers, each with ten balls numbered 0 to 9. Pick three numbers and then use the random number generator to simulate the game. Score 2 points if one number matches, 16 points if two numbers match, and 32 points if all three numbers match. Note: numbers can appear more than once.
  - **a.** Play the game if the order of your numbers *does not* matter. Total your score for 10 simulations.
  - **b.** Now play the game if the order of the numbers *does* matter. Total your score for 10 simulations.
  - c. With which game rules did you score more points?



# Vocabulary and Concept Check

base (p. 288) compound interest (p. 303) cross products (p. 270) discount (p. 299) experimental probability (p. 311) outcome (p. 310) part (p. 288) percent (p. 281) percent equation (p. 298) percent of change (p. 304) percent of decrease (p. 306) percent of increase (p. 305) percent proportion (p. 288) probability (p. 310) proportion (p. 270) random (p. 309) rate (p. 265) ratio (p. 264) sample (p. 309) sample space (p. 311)

scale (p. 276) scale drawing (p. 276) scale factor (p. 277) scale model (p. 276) simple event (p. 310) simple interest (p. 300) theoretical probability (p. 311) unbiased (p. 309) unit rate (p. 265)

#### Complete each sentence with the correct term.

- 1. A statement of equality of two ratios is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_
- **2.** A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a ratio that compares a number to 100.
- **3.** The ratio of a length on a scale drawing to the corresponding length on the real object is called the \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. The set of all possible outcomes is the \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is what actually occurs when conducting a probability
- experiment.

# **Lesson-by-Lesson Review**



264-268.

# **Ratios and Rates**

#### **Concept Summary**

- A ratio is a comparison of two numbers by division.
- A rate is a ratio of two measurements having different units of measure.
- A rate that is simplified so that it has a denominator of 1 is called a unit rate.

#### Example

#### Express the ratio 2 *meters to 35 centimeters* as a fraction in simplest form.

 $\frac{2 \text{ meters}}{35 \text{ centimeters}} = \frac{200 \text{ centimeters}}{35 \text{ centimeters}}$ Convert 2 meters to centimeters.  $= \frac{40 \text{ centimeters}}{7 \text{ centimeters}} \text{ or } \frac{40}{7}$ Divide the numerator and denominator by the GCF, 5.

**Exercises** Express each ratio as a fraction in simplest form. *See Examples 1 and 2 on pages 264 and 265.* 

CONTENTS

- 6. 9 students out of 33 students
- **8.** 30 hours to 18 hours
- **10.** 10 inches to 4 feet

- 7. 12 hits out of 16 times at bat
- 9. 5 quarts to 5 gallons
- 11. 2 tons to 1800 pounds



#### Chapter 6 Study Guide and Review





# Scale Drawings and Models

#### **Concept Summary**

- A scale drawing or a scale model represents an object that is too large or too small to be drawn or built at actual size.
- The ratio of a length on a scale drawing or model to the corresponding length on the real object is called the scale factor.

**Example** A scale drawing shows a pond that is 1.75 inches long. The scale on the drawing is 0.25 inch = 1 foot. What is the length of the actual pond?

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{drawing length} \rightarrow & 0.25 \mbox{ in.} \\ \mbox{actual length} \rightarrow & 1 \mbox{ ft} \end{array} = \frac{1.75 \mbox{ in.} }{x \mbox{ ft}} & \leftarrow \mbox{drawing length} \\ & 0.25 \cdot x = 1 \cdot 1.75 & \mbox{Find the cross products.} \\ & 0.25x = 1.75 & \mbox{Simplify.} \\ & x = 7 & \mbox{Divide each side by 0.25.} \end{array}$ 

The actual length of the pond is 7 feet.

**Exercises** On the model of a ship, the scale is 1 inch = 12 feet. Find the actual length of each room. *See Example 1 on page 277.* 





### Using the Percent Proportion See pages :

#### **Concept Summary**

• If *a* is the part, *b* is the base, and *p* is the percent, then  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{p}{100}$ .

Example

288-292.

#### Forty-eight is 32% of what number?

 $\frac{a}{h} = \frac{p}{100} \rightarrow \frac{48}{h} = \frac{32}{100}$ Replace *a* with 48 and *p* with 32.  $48 \cdot 100 = b \cdot 32$  Find the cross products. 4800 = 32bSimplify. 150 = bDivide each side by 32.

So, 48 is 32% of 150.

**Exercises** Use the percent proportion to solve each problem. See Examples 1–6 on pages 288–290. **35.** 18 is what percent of 45? **36.** What percent of 60 is 39? **37.** 23 is 92% of what number? 38. What is 74% of 110? **39.** What is 80% of 62.5? **40.** 36 is 15% of what number?



#### Chapter 6 Study Guide and Review



#### **Exercises** Solve each problem using the percent equation.

See Examples 1–3 on pages 298 and 299.

- **53.** 24 is what percent of 50?
- **54.** 70 is 40% of what number?
- **55.** What is 90% of 105?
- **56.** What is 12.5% of 68?
- **57.** 56 is 28% of what number? **58**
- **58.** 35.7 is what percent of 17?

CONTENTS



Extra Practice, see pages 736–739.
 <u>Mixed Problem Solving</u>, see page 763.



# Percent of Change

#### **Concept Summary**

- A percent of increase tells how much an amount has increased in relation to the original amount. (The percent will be positive.)
- A percent of decrease tells how much an amount has decreased in relation to the original amount. (The percent will be negative.)

#### **Example** Find the percent of change from 36 pounds to 14 pounds.

norcont of change -	new weight – original weight	Write the ratio
percent of change -	original weight	write the ratio
=	$\frac{14-36}{36}$	Substitution
=	$\frac{-22}{36}$	Subtraction
~	-0.611 or -61.1%	Simplify.

The percent of decrease is about 61.1%.

**Exercises** Find the percent of change. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary. Then state whether each change is a *percent of increase* or a *percent of decrease*. See Examples 1, 2, and 4 on pages 304–306.

**59.** from 40 ft to 12 ft**60.** from 80 cm to 96 cm**61.** from 29 min to 54 min**62.** from 80 lb to 77 lb



310-314.

# Probability and Predictions

#### **Concept Summary**

• The probability of an event is a ratio that compares the number of favorable outcomes to the number of possible outcomes.

Example

#### Suppose a number cube is rolled. Find the probability of rolling a 5 or 6.

Favorable outcomes:5 and 6.Possible outcomes:1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6.

 $P(5 \text{ or } 6) = \frac{\text{number of favorable outcomes}}{\text{number of possible outcomes}}$ 

 $= \frac{2}{6} \text{ or } \frac{1}{3}$  So, the probability of rolling a 5 or 6 is  $\frac{1}{3}$  or  $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ 

**Exercises** There are 2 blue marbles, 5 red marbles, and 8 green marbles in a bag. One marble is selected at random. Find the probability of each outcome. *See Examples 1 and 2 on page 311.* 

<b>3.</b> <i>P</i> (red)	<b>64.</b> <i>P</i> (green)	<b>65.</b> <i>P</i> (blue or green)
6. <i>P</i> (not blue)	<b>67.</b> <i>P</i> (yellow)	<b>68.</b> <i>P</i> (green, red, or blue)





#### Express each ratio as a unit rate. Round to the nearest tenth or cent.

- **5.** 145 miles in 3 hours **6.** \$245 for 9 tickets
- 7. Convert 15 miles per hour to *x* feet per minute.
- 8. What value of *y* makes  $\frac{8.4}{y} = \frac{1.2}{1.1}$  a proportion?

Express each percent as a fraction or mixed number in simplest form and as a decimal.

9.	36%	<b>10.</b> 52%	11.	225%
12.	315%	<b>13.</b> 0.6%	14.	0.4%

# Express each decimal or fraction as a percent. Round to the nearest tenth percent, if necessary.

15.	0.47	<b>16.</b> 0.025	<b>17.</b> 5.38
18.	$\frac{7}{20}$	<b>19.</b> $\frac{30}{22}$	<b>20.</b> $\frac{18}{4000}$

#### Use the percent proportion to solve each problem.

**21.** 36 is what percent of 80?

**22.** 35.28 is 63% of what number?

#### Estimate.

- **23.** 25% of 82 **24.** 63% of 77
- **25.** Find the interest on \$2700 that is invested at 4% for  $2\frac{1}{2}$  years.
- **26.** Find the discount for a \$135 coat that is on sale at 15% off.
- **27.** Find the percent of change from 175 pounds to 140 pounds. Round to the nearest tenth.
- **28.** There are 3 purple balls, 5 orange balls, and 8 yellow balls in a bowl. Suppose one ball is selected at random. Find *P*(orange).
- **29. DESIGN** A builder is designing a swimming pool that is 8.5 inches in length on the scale drawing. The scale of the drawing is 1 inch = 6 feet. What is the length of the actual swimming pool?
- **30. STANDARDIZED TEST PRACTICE** The table lists the reasons shoppers use online customer service. Out of 350 shoppers who own a computer, how many would you expect to say they use online customer service to track packages?

Reasons	Percent
Track Delivery	54
Product Information	24
Verify Shipping Charges	17
Transaction Help	16

	A 189	<b>B</b> 84	© 19	<b>D</b> 154
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Chapter	6	Practice	Test	321
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# **6** Standardized Test Practice

### Part 1 Multiple Choice

Record your answers on the answer sheet provided by your teacher or on a sheet of paper.

- **1.** Evaluate x y + z if x = -6, y = 9, and z = -3. (Lesson 2-3)

  - C −18
    D 15
- **2.** Which figure has an area of 192 cm<sup>2</sup>? (Lesson 3-7)



- **3.** Which expression is *not* a monomial? (Lesson 4-1)
  - (A) 5(-y) (B) 8k
  - (C) m n (D) 2x(-3y)
- **4.** Which fraction represents the ratio *8 apples to 36 pieces of fruit* in simplest form? (Lesson 6-1)

A	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\mathbb{B} \frac{4}{9}$
C	$\frac{2}{9}$	$\bigcirc \frac{1}{6}$

**5.** The ratio of girls to boys in a class is 5 to 4. Suppose there are 27 students in the class. How many of the students are girls? (Lesson 6-2)

A	40	B	15
C	12	D	9

**6.** A scale model of an airplane has a width of 13.5 inches. The scale of the model is 1 inch = 8 feet. What is the width of the actual airplane? (Lesson 6-3)

A	110 ft	B	108 ft
C	104 ft	D	115 ft

 Randy, Eduardo, and Kelli took a quiz. For every 50 questions on the quiz, Randy answered 47 correctly. Eduardo answered 91% of the questions correctly. For every 10 questions on the quiz, Kelli answered 9 correctly. Who had the highest score?

(A) Randy (B) Eduard	A Randy	B Eduardo
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- **8.** The graph shows the amount of canned food collected by the 9<sup>th</sup> grade classes at Hilltop High School.



Of the total amount of cans collected, what percent did Mr. Chen's class collect? (Lesson 6-4)

#### (A) 25% (B) 33% (C) 40% (D) 50%

**9.** The table shows the average salaries in each of the four major sports for the 1990–91 and 2000–01 seasons. (Lesson 6-8)

Sport	1990–91	2000-01
Hockey	\$271,000	\$1,400,000
Basketball	823,000	3,530,000
Football	430,000	1,200,000
Baseball	597,537	2,260,000

Source: USA TODAY

Which sport had a percent of increase in average salary of about 325%?

- (A) Hockey (B) Basketball
- © Football D Baseball



CONTENTS

To find what percent of the cans a class collected, you will first need to find the total number of cans collected by all of the 9th grade classes.

### Part 2 Short Response/Grid In

Record your answers on the answer sheet provided by your teacher or on a sheet of paper.

- 10. Ana earns \$6.80 per hour when she works on weekdays. She earns twice that amount per hour when she works on weekends. If Ana worked 4 hours on Tuesday, 4 hours on Thursday, and 5 hours on Saturday, then how much did she earn? (Prerequisite Skill, p. 713)
- 11. Juan and Julia decided to eat lunch at The Sub Shop. Juan ordered a veggie sub, lemonade, and a cookie. Julia ordered a ham sub, milk, and a cookie. What was the total cost of Juan and Julia's

Item	Cost
Veggie Sub	\$3.89
Turkey Sub	\$3.79
Ham Sub	\$3.49
Soda	\$1.25
Lemonade	\$1.00
Milk	\$0.79
Cookie	\$0.99

lunch? (Prerequisite Skill, p. 713)

**12.** What number should replace X in this pattern? (Lesson 4-2)

$$\begin{array}{r}
4^{0} = 1 \\
4^{1} = 4 \\
4^{2} = 16 \\
4^{3} = 64 \\
4^{4} = X
\end{array}$$

- **13.** Find the value of  $m \text{ in } \frac{3}{8}m = \frac{1}{4}$ . (Lesson 5-9)
- **14.** Nakayla purchased a package of 8 hamburger buns for \$1.49. What is the ratio of the cost per hamburger bun? Round to the nearest penny. (Lesson 6-1)
- **15.** What is 40% of 70? (Lesson 6-5)
- **16.** Cameron purchased the portable stereo shown. About how much money did he save? (Lesson 6-7)



**17.** If you spin the spinner shown at the right, what is the probability that the arrow will stop at an even number? (Lesson 6-9)



#### Part 3 Extended Response

# Record your answers on a sheet of paper. Show your work.

 An electronics store is having a sale on certain models of televisions. Mr. Castillo would like to buy a television that is on sale. This television normally costs \$679. (Lesson 6-7)



- **a.** What price, not including tax, will Mr. Castillo pay if he buys the television on Saturday?
- **b.** What price, not including tax, will Mr. Castillo pay if he buys the television on Wednesday?
- **c.** How much money will Mr. Castillo save if he buys the television on a Saturday?
- **19.** The graph shows the number of domain registrations for the years 1997–2000.



Source: Network Solutions (VeriSign)

CONTENTS

Write a few sentences describing the percent of change in the number of domain registrations from one year to the next. (Lesson 6-8)

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